

Acueduct

Reimagined Open House 11 AM - 3PM





City of Rochester, NY Malik D. Evans, Mayor Rochester City Council NEW YORK STATE OF OPPORTUNITY. Transportation



















Introducing

the Aqueduct

Reimagined

Project





City of Rochester, NY Malik D. Evans, Mayor Rochester City Council NEW YORK STATE OF OPPORTUNITY. Transportation





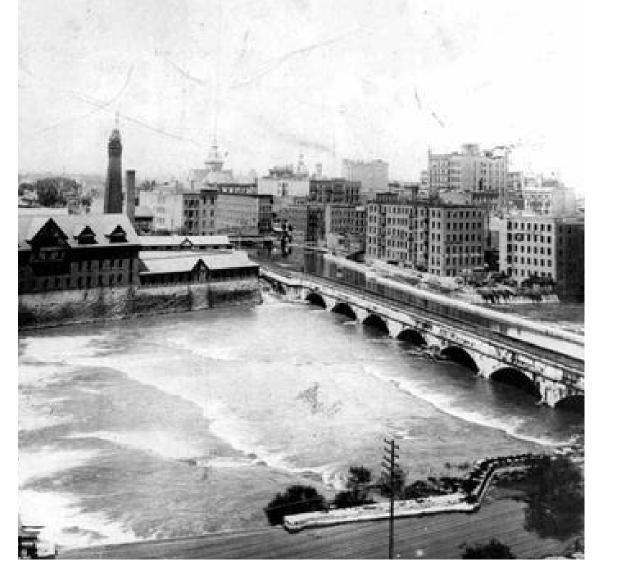
Project Team

Local and State Agencies

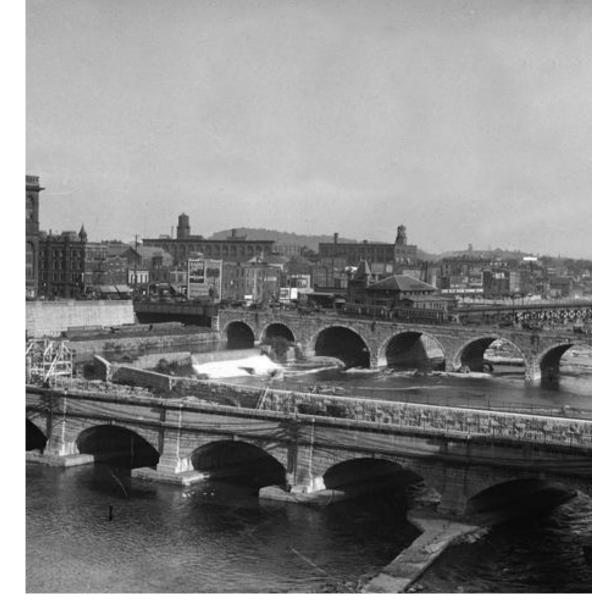


City of Rochester, NY Malik D. Evans, Mayor **Rochester City Council**





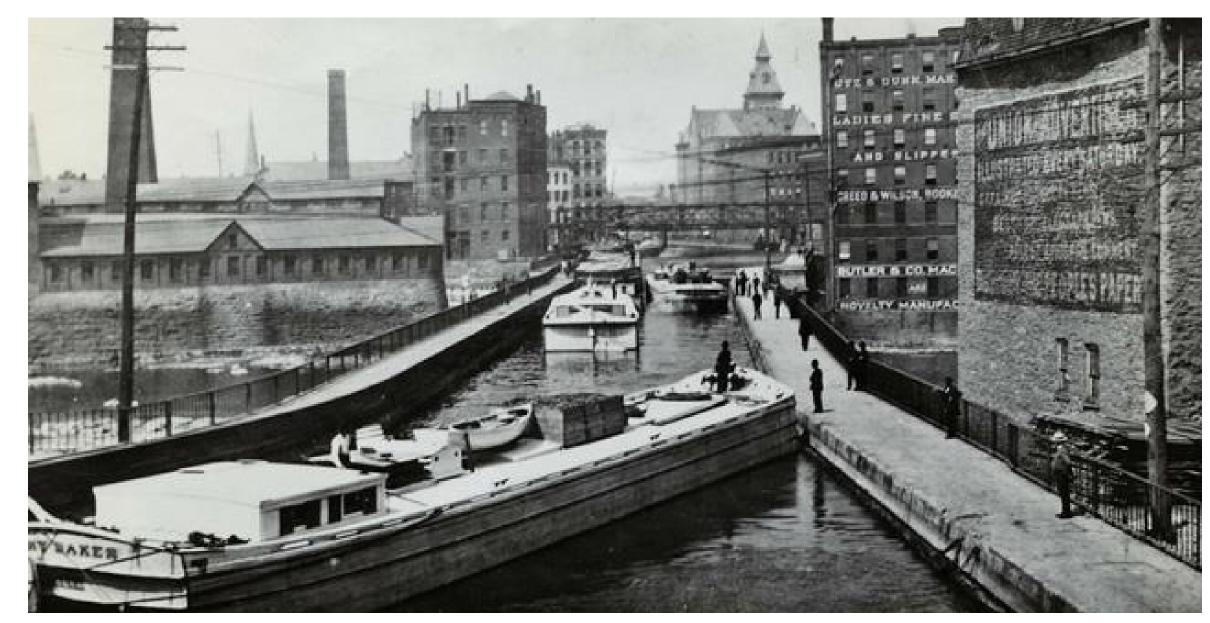
The Second Erie Canal (1890)



The Second Erie Canal (1922)

Consultants

BERGMANN $\mathbf{V}\mathbf{V}$ / \mathbf{V}



URBAN DUN **A**MERICAN CITY

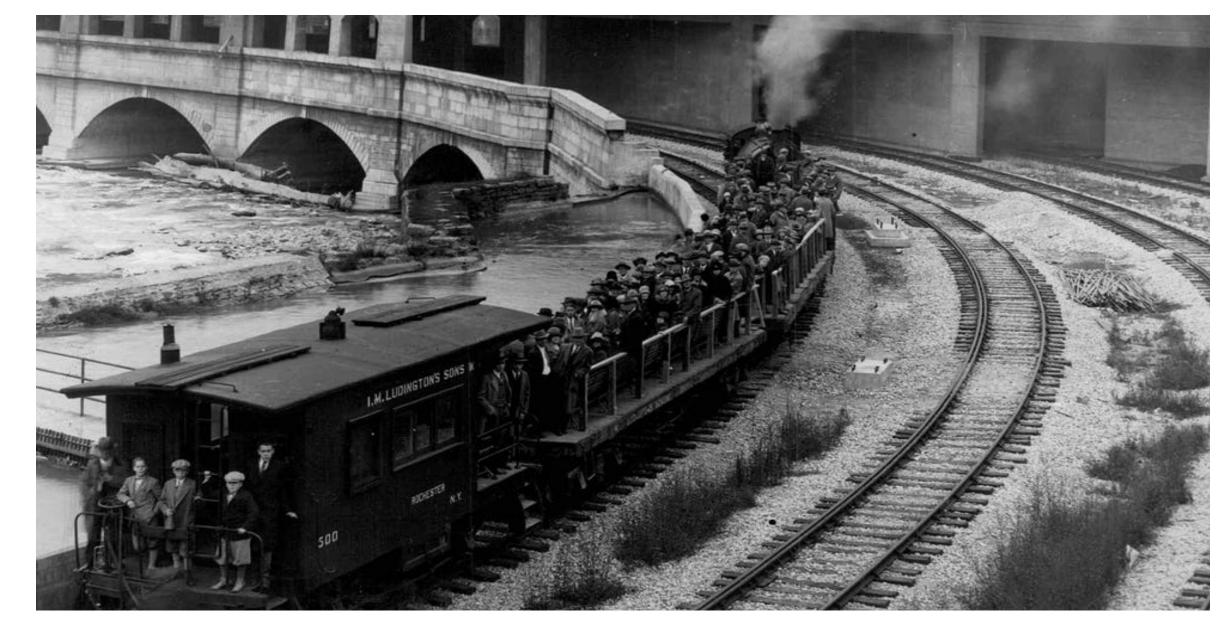






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Barges on the Second Erie Canal (1897)



Advisory Committees

Technical Advisory Committes (TAC) and Community Advisory Community (CAC) include representatives from:

- Neighborhood Associations
- Downtown Business and Property Owners
- Schools and Universities
- Real Estate Developers
- Community Based Organizations and Initiatives:
 - 9th Floor Artists Collective
 - Action for a Better Community
 - AIA Rochester
 - Aqueduct 50 East Broad
 - Black Girls Do Bike
 - Center City Community Coalition (C4)
 - Center for Disability Rights, Inc.
 - Center for Teen Empowerment
 - City Parks Alliance
 - Community Design Center of Rochester • Erie Canalway National Heritage Corridor
 - Frederick Douglass Family Initiatives
 - From Up Above (FUA) Krew
 - Genesee River Alliance
 - Landmark Society of Western NY
 - Rochester Area Community Foundation (RACF)
 - Rochester Downtown Development Corporation (RDDC)
 - ReConnect Rochester
 - Rochester and Genesee Valley Railroad Museum
 - RocPaint Division
 - Urban League of Rochester
 - Visit Rochester
 - WALL/THERAPY
- Other Agencies:
 - Monroe County Department of Transportation
 - Monroe County Department of Environmental Services
 - Empire State Development
 - Rochester District Heating
 - RG&E
 - Rochester Water Bureau
 - Rochester Street Lighting
 - Monroe County Pure Waters
 - US Army Corps of Engineers
 - NYS Canal Corporation

Rochester Subway (1924)



Broad Street Bridge (1925)



Aqueduct Reimagined is the Centerpiece of the ROC the Riverway Vision Plan (2018)

The ROC the Riverway Vision Plan (2018) consolidates more than two dozen transformational projects along the Genesee River into a unified strategy.

Primary Objectives

- Enhance the City's potential for attracting State and private investment along the Genesee River
- Produce seamless multi-modal access along both sides of the river via the Genesee Riverway Trail and neighborhood connections to the trail
- Create dynamic public spaces, including a multi-use gathering space as the centerpiece of downtown
- Provide a massive boost to downtown's ongoing resurgence and spur private development and job creation



10. Library North Terrace





8. Arena on the River



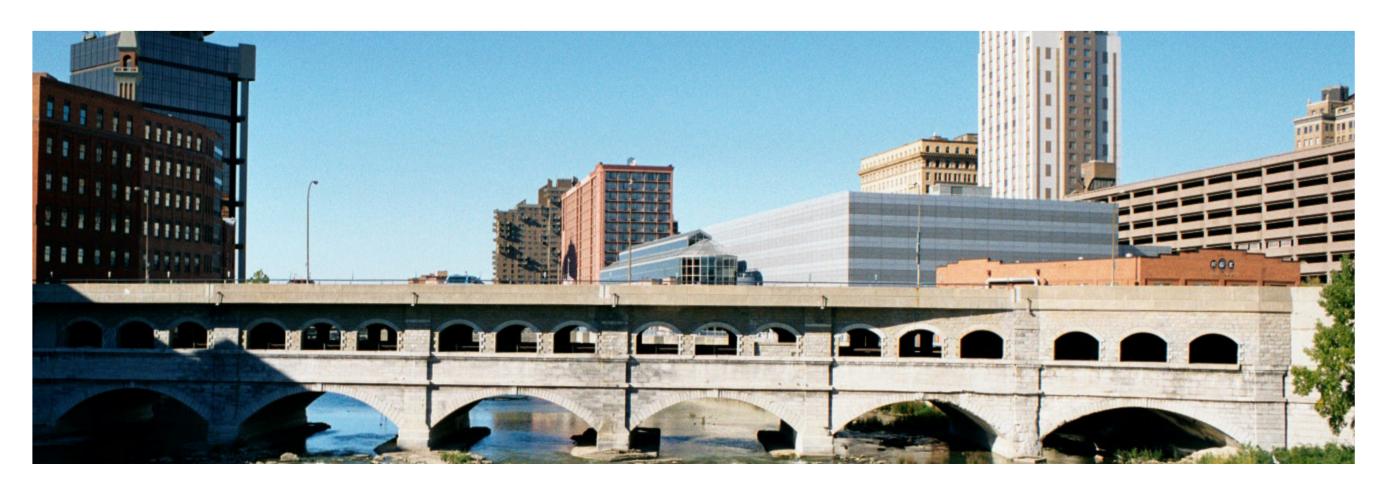
- Repair and maintain critical infrastructure, and remediate waterfront brownfield sites
- Increase boating activity in the water south of Douglass-Anthony Bridge (I-490)



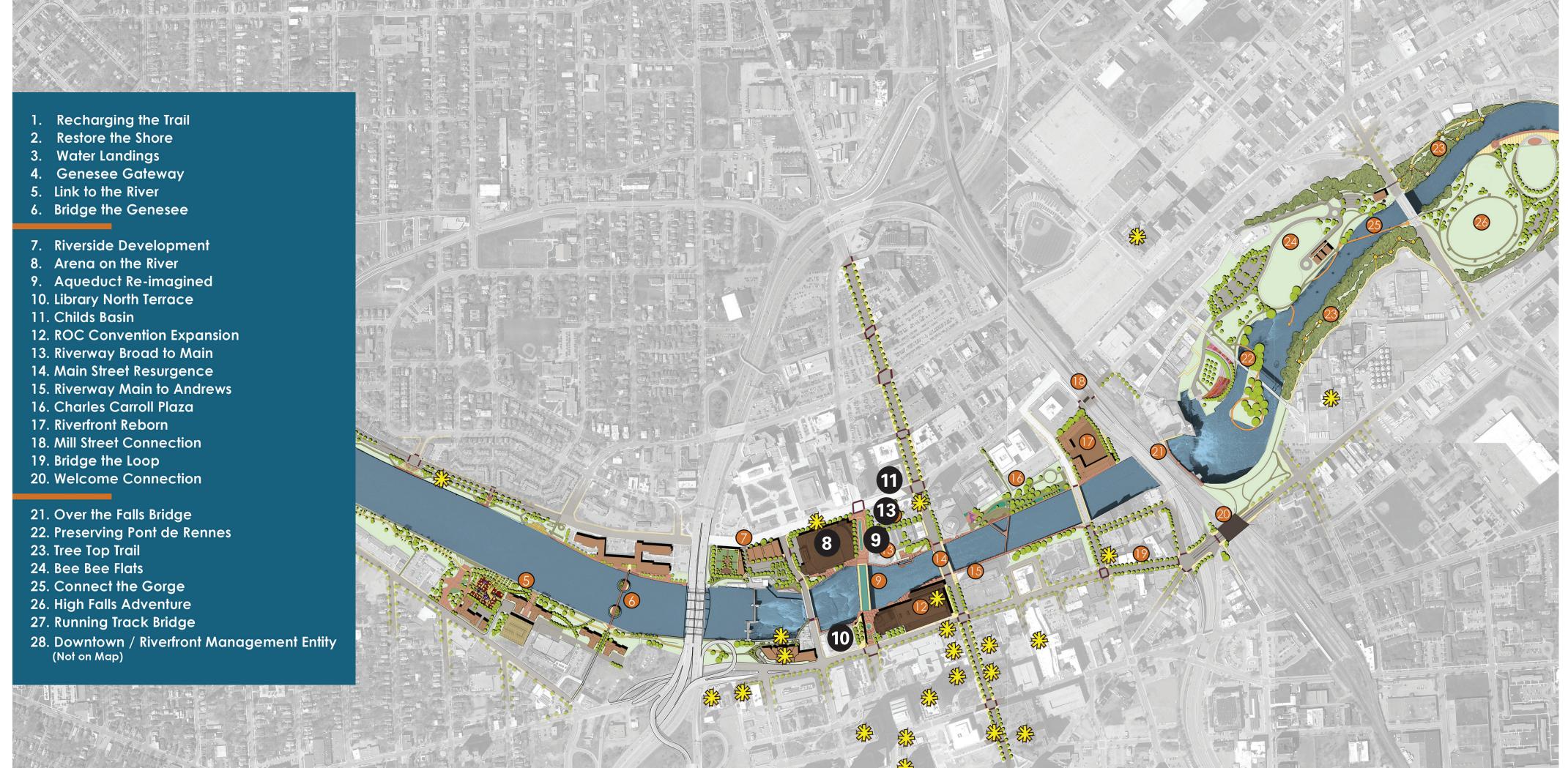
- Focus on design that is oriented to pedestrians, bicyclists, boaters, and recreational enthusiasts
- Re-orient buildings to the water and adjacent public spaces
- Focus first on public spaces and facilities that serve citizens and visitors
- Improve connectivity to, from, along and across the river
- Create numerous opportunities for public art, historic interpretation, whimsical installations, and environmental stewardship – all united to create a sense of urban 'play' and celebration of the river

11. Child's Basin

13. Promenades Court to Main



9. Aqueduct Reimagined





Project Boundaries



The Project Boundaries, highlighted in yellow, includes street improvements on Aqueduct Street and South Avenue between Main and Court Street. The vehicular deck of Broad Street Bridge is to be demolished alongside partial removal and reuse of the subway deck.



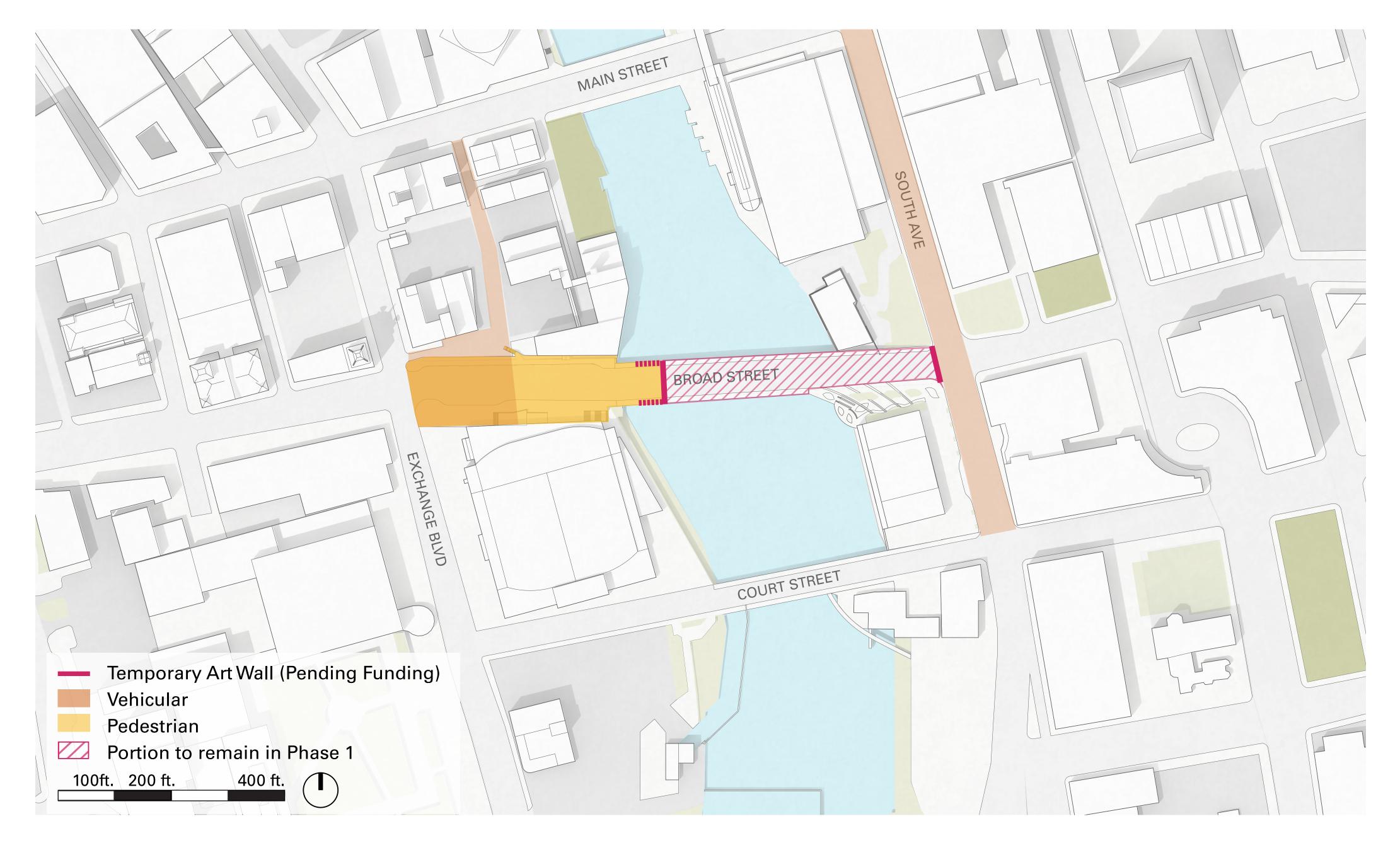
The Aqueduct from Court Street Bridge



Subway Tunnel



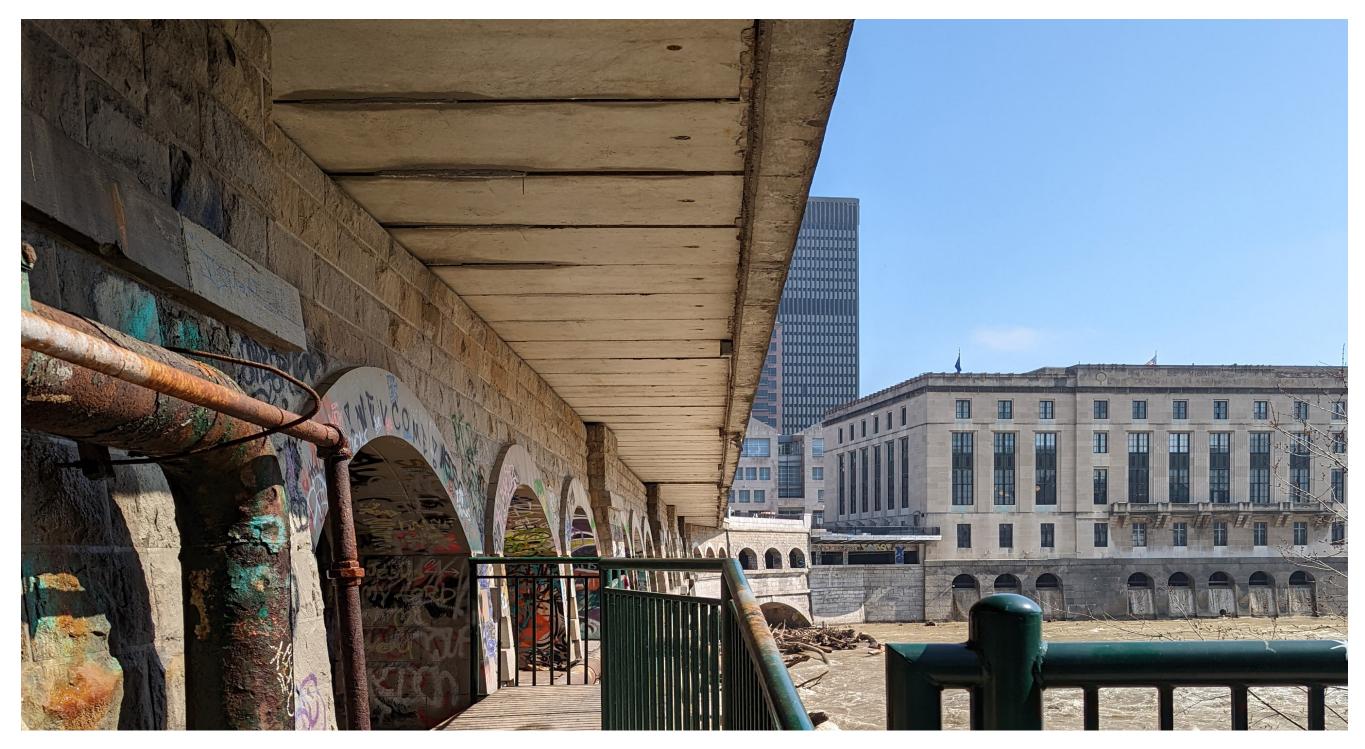
The Project in Two Phases



The project is divided into two phases. Phase 1 consists of street redesign of Aqueduct Street and South Avenue alongside partial removal and reuse of the west portion of Broad Street Bridge and the Subway Tunnel. Phase 2 will include the full removal of Broad Street Bridge and the transformation of the Aqueduct.







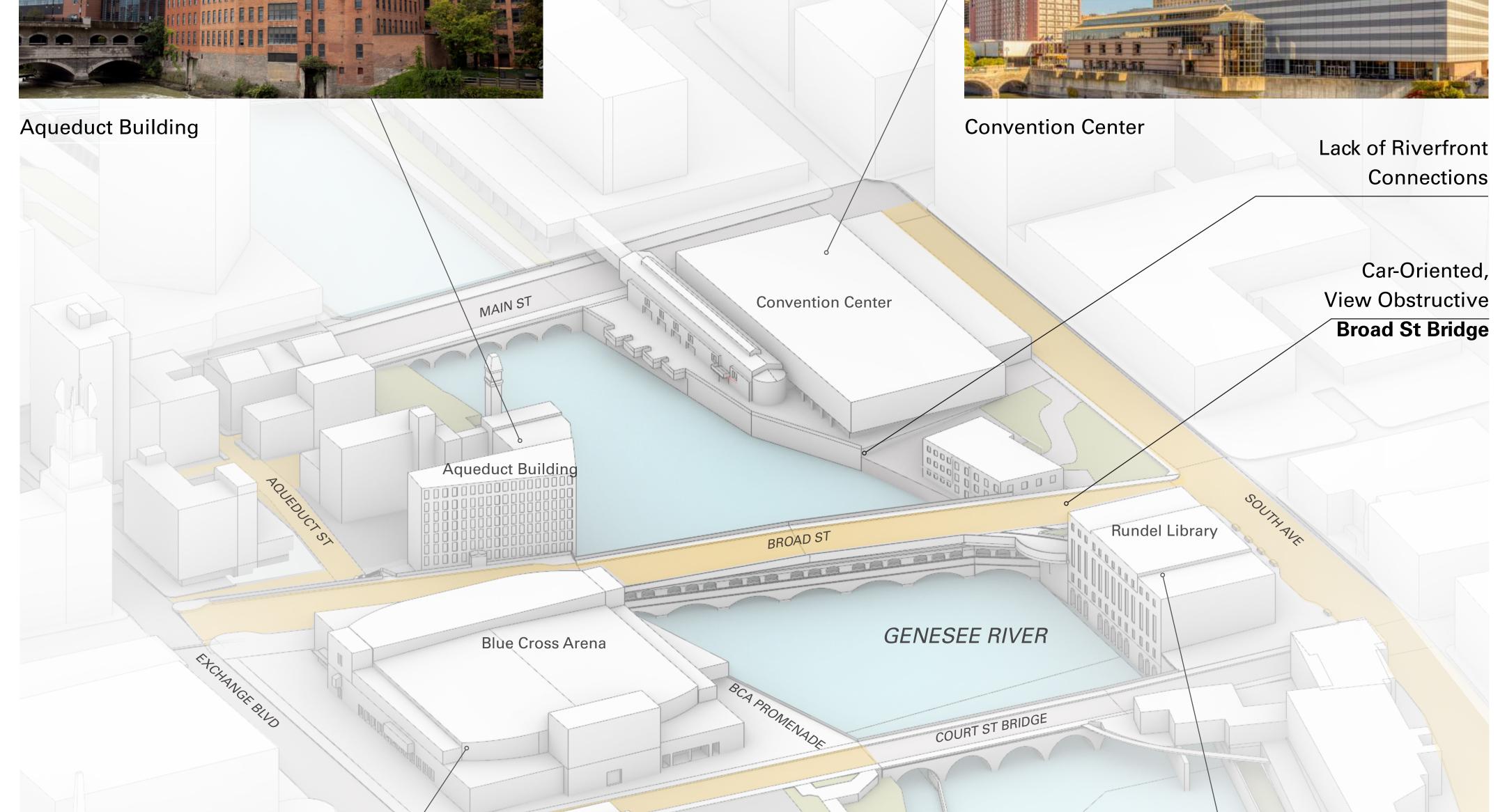
Aqueduct from War Memorial



Existing Conditions

The Aqueduct today is composed of two levels: an abandoned subway tunnel filled with graffiti and a car-oriented Broad Street Bridge above. The Aqueduct Building, Blue Cross Arena, Rochester Convention Center, and Rundel Memorial Library sit at the four corners of the site.









Blue Cross Areana



Rundel Library



Project Goals

- Reveal the Aqueduct (Remove upper deck)
- Reimagine South Avenue
- Build Riverfront Promenades
- Reconstruct Aqueduct Street

Project Parameters

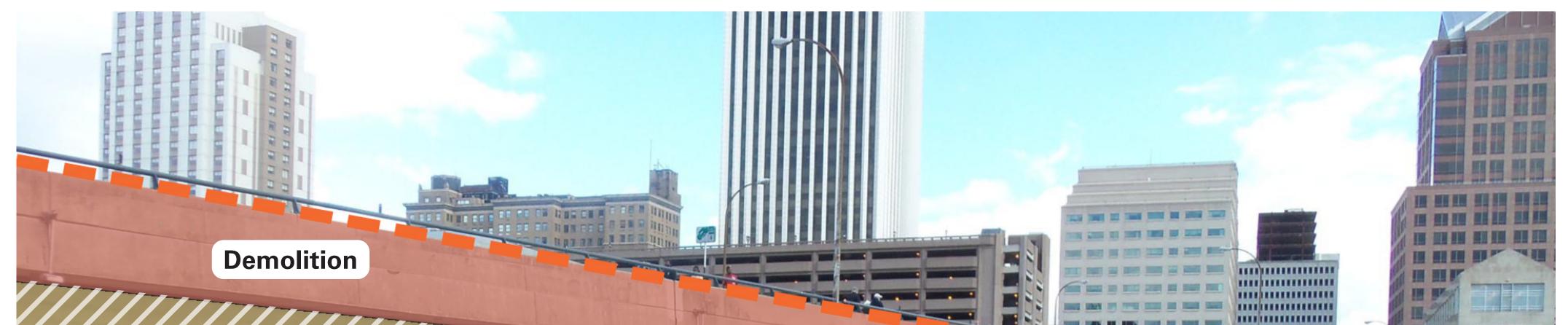
The following parameters have been determined for the project:
Vehicular deck will be removed
Broad Street will not be re-watered
The Aqueduct must be a vibrant all-seasons public space.

The Reimagined Aqueduct must be a place that considers...





Other considerations and ideas are open for discussion!



Proposed Removal & Reuse

Tow Path Level

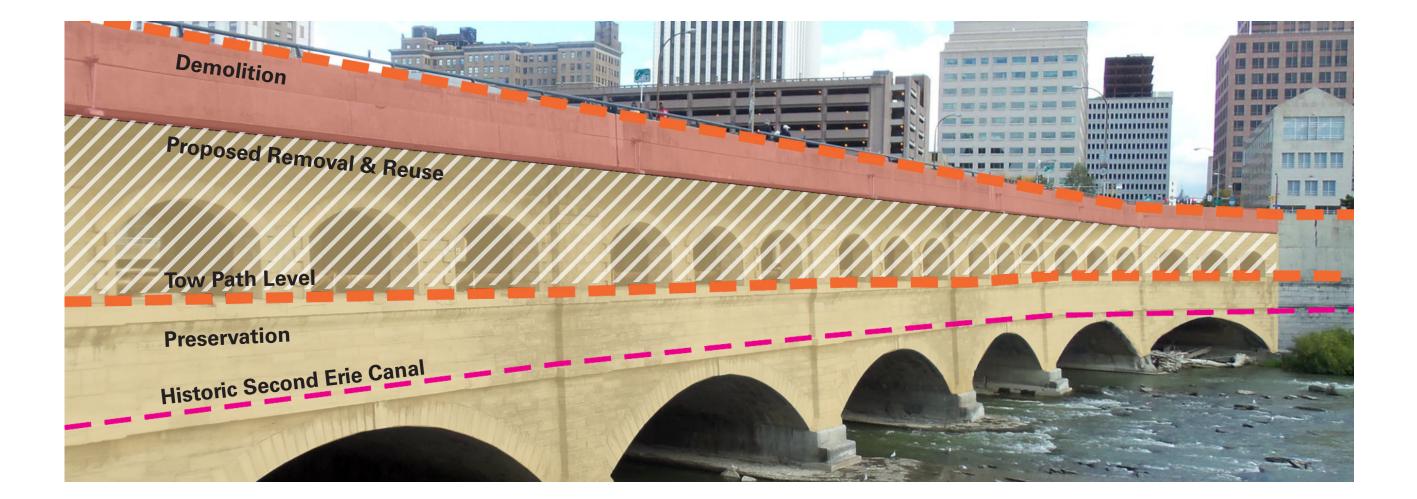


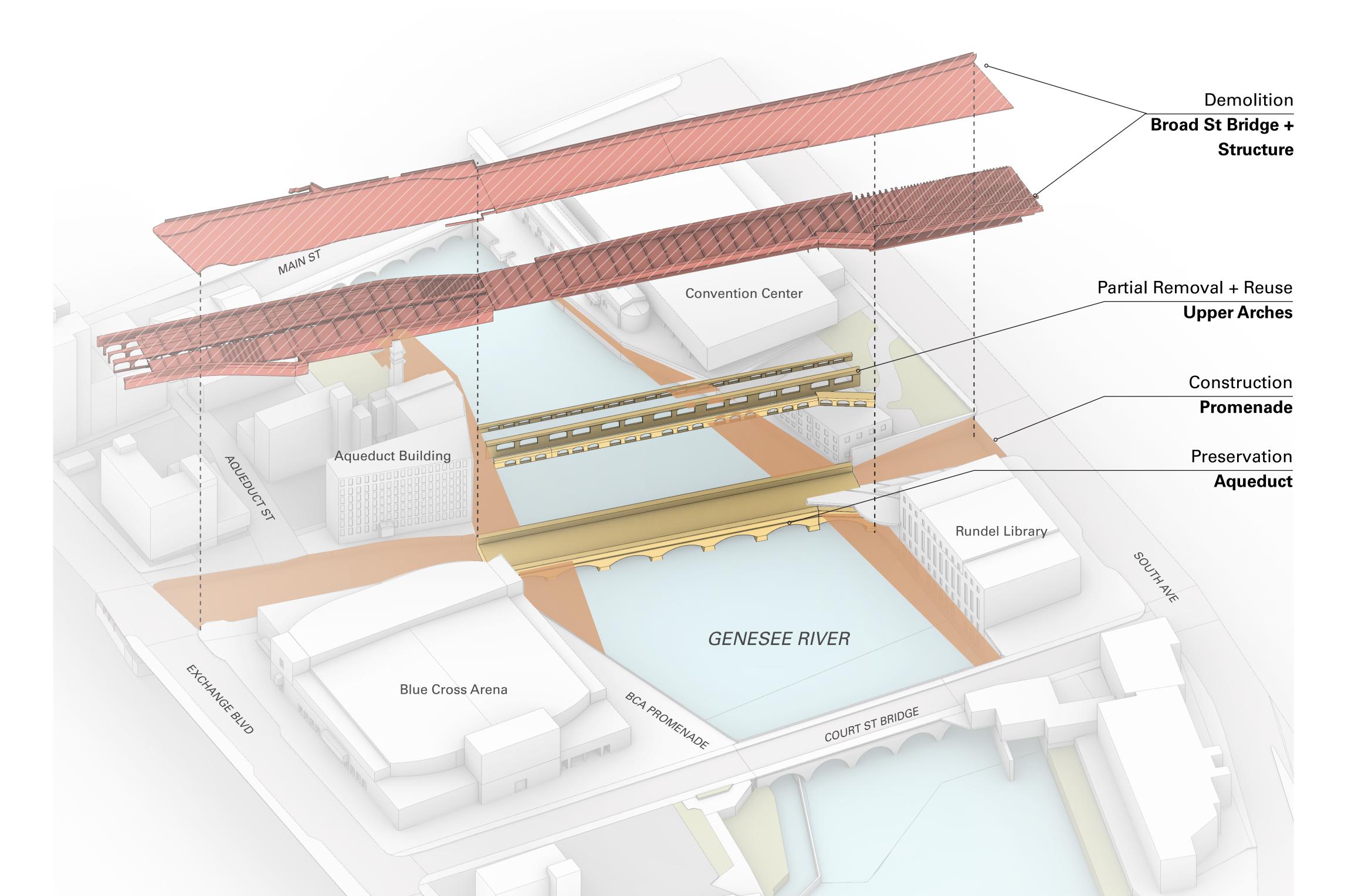


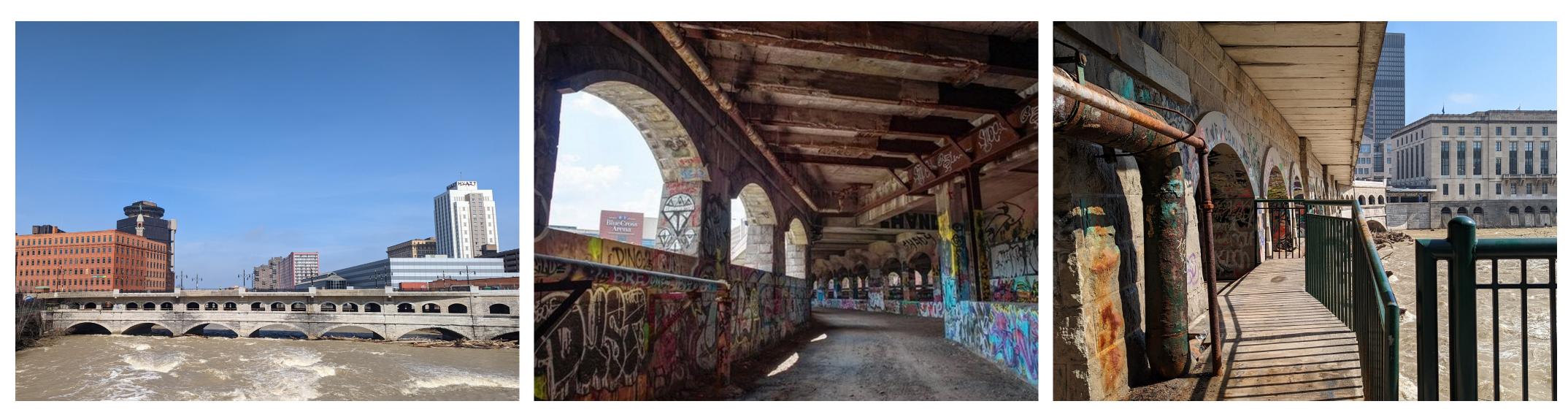
Project Scope

The project includes demolition of Broad Street Bridge and Structure to create a pedestrian and bike-centric public space, partial removal and reuse of the Upper Arches, construction of Riverfront Promenades, and preservation of the Aqueduct.

DemolitionPartial Removal & ReuseConstruction







The Aqueduct from Court Street

Subway Tunnel

The Aqueduct from War Memorial

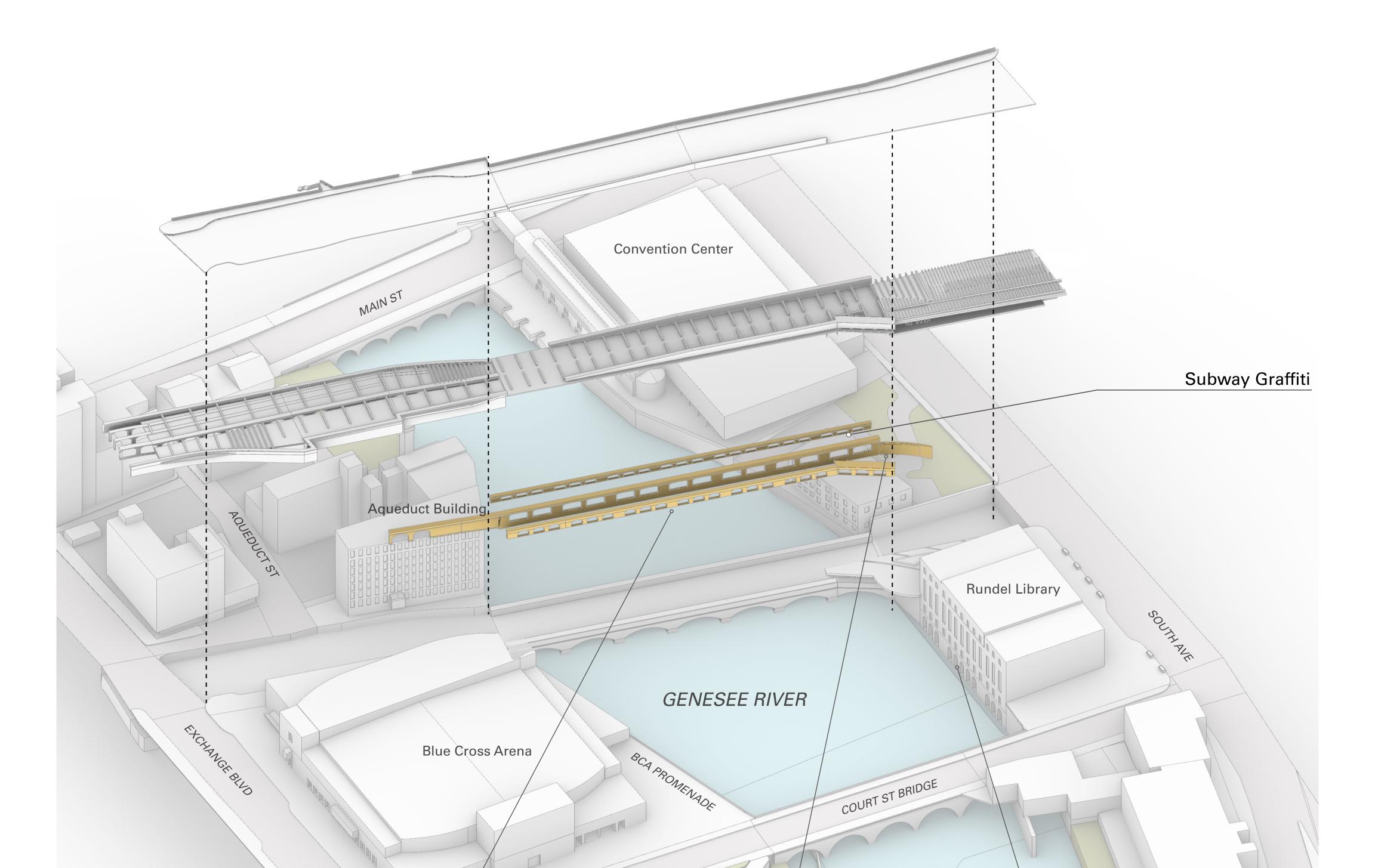


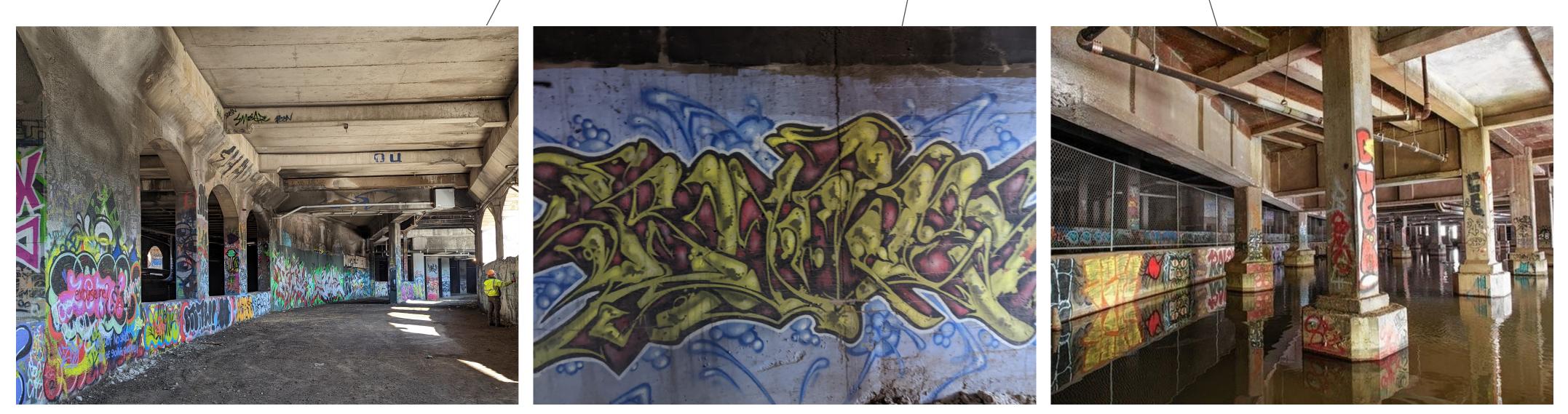
Art & Graffiti

Ever since it was abandoned in the late 1970s, the subway tunnel has become a unique space for Graffiti Writers. By the 1990s, 'Krews' or groups of graffiti artists formed and today's FUA KREW was born. Global form of expression drove cities to develop their own style, and the influential "Rochester Style" was established.



Graffiti





Subway Tunnel Looking East

Early Bones Work

Rundel Library Foundation

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Project Schedule

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CAC MEETINGS					•																																	
PUBLIC WORKSHOPS							•																															
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PROJECT WEBSITE																																						
DESIGN																																						
AQUEDUCT PHASE 1																																						
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AQUEDUCT PHASE 2			In pursuit of funding >
SOUTH AVE (MAIN TO COURT) & STONE STREET			
AQUEDUCT DISTRICT STREETS			
CITY PROJECTS			
(ONGOING)			
RUNDEL LIBRARY TERRACE	<		
MAIN ST. RESURGENCE	<		
CONSTELLATION BRANDS HQ	<		
BCA RIVERSIDE ADDITION			
RRCC ADDITION & SOUTHTERRACE			

Project Phase

Stakejolder Meeting or Event

Engagement Timeline

January 2022 Project Launch

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Summer 2023 Final Design

April 2022	Summer 2022	Fall 2022	Spring 2023
First Public	Second Public	Third Public	Fourth Public
Engagement	Engagement	Engagement	Engagement
(Informational	(Design	(Design	(Design Wrap-up)
Session)	Charrette)	Workshop)	



Community Advisory Committee (CAC)

Objectives

- Attend regular meetings (approx. every 8 10 weeks)
- Act as representatives of State and City technical departments and organizations
- Share perspectives with Consultant Team
- Provide feedback, direction and insights on design materials
- Assist with promotion of meetings, workshops and special events

Representation

- 9th Floor Artists Collective
- Action for a Better Community
- AIA Rochester
- Andrews Terrace
- Aqueduct 50 East Broad
- Black Girls Do Bike
- Brown Square Neighborhood
- Center City Community Coalition (C4)
- Center for Disability Rights, Inc.
- Center for Teen Empowerment
- City Parks Alliance
- Community Design Center of Rochester
- Constellation Brands
- Corn Hill Neighborhood
- Changing of the Scenes Neighborhood (COTS)
- Dinosaur BBQ
- Dutton Properties
- East Avenue Neighborhood
- Eastman School of Music
- Erie Canalway National Heritage Corridor
- Frederick Douglass Family Initiatives
- From Up Above (FUA) Krew
- Gallina Development Corporation

- Genesee River Alliance
- Jay and Orchard Street Neighborhood Association (JOSANA)
- Landmark Society of Western NY
- Neighborhood of the Arts
- NYS Canal Corp
- Park Avenue Neighborhood
- Pearl-Meigs-Monroe Neighborhood
- Pegula Sports and Entertainment
- Rochester Area Community Foundation (RACF)
- Rochester City School District (RCSD)
- Rochester Downtown Development Corporation (RDDC)
- ReConnect Rochester
- RG&E
- Rochester Institute of Technology (RIT)
- Rochester and Genesee Valley Railroad Museum
- Rochester Public Library
- Rochester Riverside Convention Center
- RocPaint Division
- Marketview Heights Neighborhood
- South Wedge Neighborhood
- Southeast Towers

- St. Mary's Catholic Church
- Susan B. Anthony Neighborhood
- Times Square Building
- Upper Falls Neighborhood
- Urban League of Rochester
- Visit Rochester
- WALL/THERAPY
- Wilder Building

Technical Advisory Committee (TAC)

Objectives

- Attend regular meetings (approx. every 8 10 weeks)
- Act as representatives of local neighborhood groups, businesses and local organizations – build trust and support
- Share perspectives with Consultant Team
- Provide feedback, direction and insights on design materials
- Assist with promotion of meetings, workshops and special events

Representation

- City of Rochester
 - Mayors Office
 - Department of Environmental Services
 - Department of Neighborhood and Business
 - Development
 - Zoning
 - Planning
 - Street Design
 - Bridges
 - Landscape ArchitectureArchitectural Services
 - Construction
 - Buildings and Parks
 - Division of Environmental Quality
 - Department of Youth and Human Services
 - Special Events
 - Fire

- NYS Department of Transportation
- Monroe County Department of Transportation
- Monroe County Department of Environmental
- Services
- Empire State DevelopmentRochester District Heating
- RG&E
- Rochester Water Bureau
- Rochester Street Lighting
- NYSDEC Region 8
- Monroe County Pure Waters
- US Army Corps of Engineers
- NYS Canal Corporation





Community Advisory Committee (CAC) Technical Advisory Committee (TAC)



Neighborhood Outreach

Pop-Ups

Youth Engagement Event



Precedent: Chicago Riverwalk

Location: Chicago, IL

Completion: October 2016

Overall Dimensions: Riverwalk expanded by 20'-25' wide; 1.25 Miles long

Cost: \$419.5M

The Chicago Riverwalk project is an initiative to reclaim the Chicago River for the ecological, recreational and economic



benefit of the city.



After



What Do You Like Most About This Precedent?

(for instance, seating, shading, access to the water, vegetation, water activities, etc.)



Precedent: Queens Quay

Location: Toronto, Canada

Completion: 2006-2015

Overall Dimensions:

Pedestrian promenade is 13-23' wide for West portion and 20-26' wide on East portion; 1.74 miles long

Cost: \$128.9M

Queens Quay is the main East-West street running along the Toronto waterfront. This reconstruction expanded bike trail connectivity and improved pedestrian access to the waterfront including newly







What Do You Like Most About This Precedent?

(for instance, play elements, seating, materiality, etc.)



Precedent: The Highline

The High Line is an elevated linear public park and greenway built on an historic freight rail line elevated above the streets on Manhattan's West Side. The High Line opened in



What Do You Like Most About This Precedent?

(for instance, seating, vegetation, views, programming. etc.)



Community Stakeholders

The project team recognizes that a successful inclusive design requires deep partnership with local stakeholders and community members who will gain a sense of ownership and provide a multi-faceted vision for the Aqueduct.



City of Rochester





Adjacent Property Owners





Street Artists





Downtown Businesses



Local and State Agencies



Youth and Students



Traditionally Underrepresented Voices

Residents and Neighborhood Associations



Programmers

Who Else Should Be Engaged in the Process?



The Aquecuct

FISTORY &

Present





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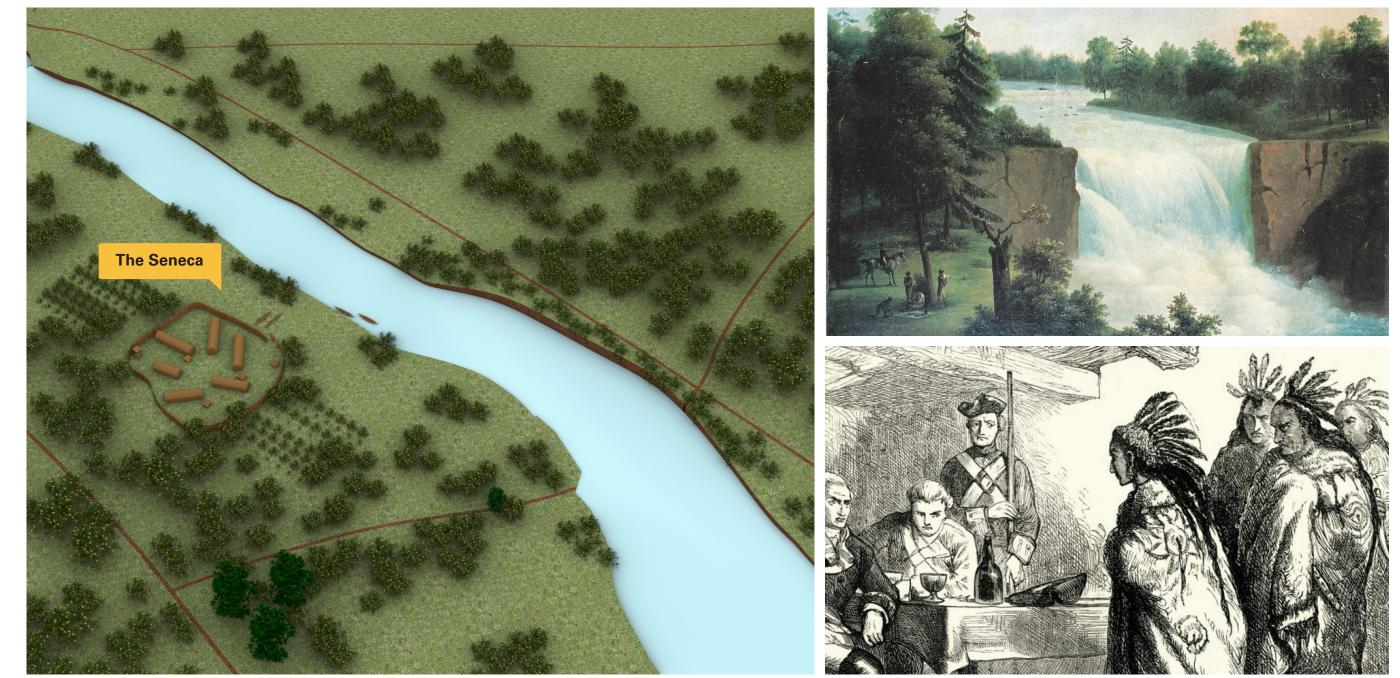




The Evolution of the Aqueduct



Pre-1820s



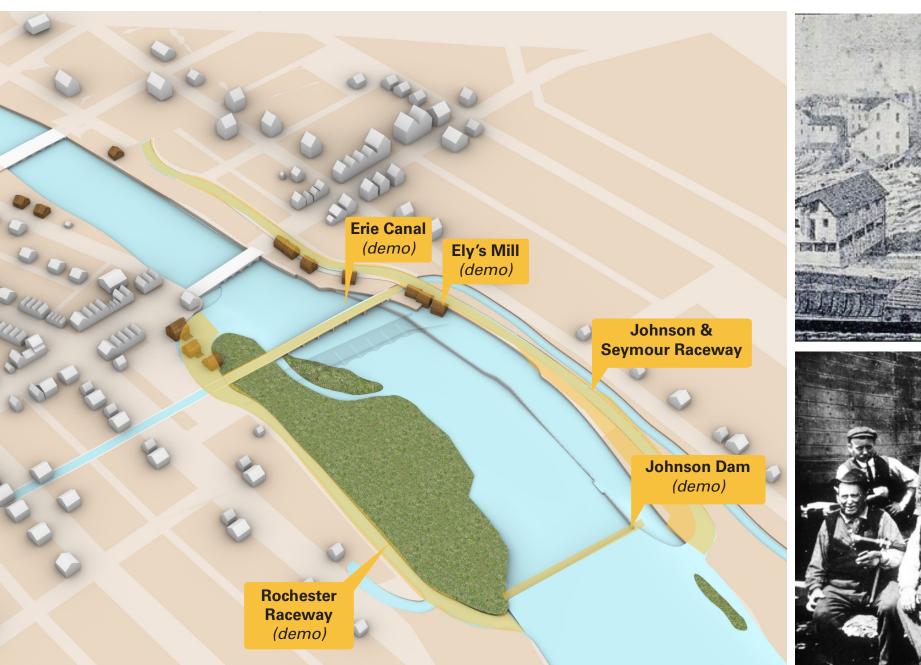
Indigenous Roots

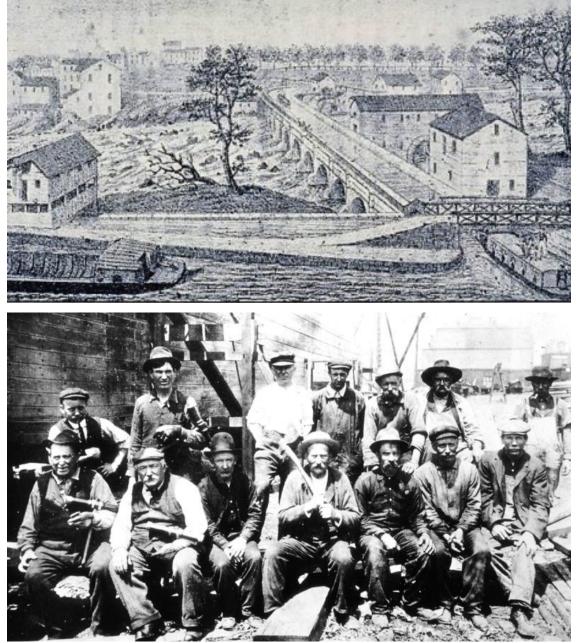
Rochester's "recent" geological history can be traced to the Laurentide Ice Sheet only 13,000 years ago that carved out the area and developed most of ttoday's topography. The Seneca settled in the area as early as 12,000 years ago, around 10,000-8,000 BC. But in 1782, a series of treaties after the Revolutionary War forced the

Iroquois off their lands.

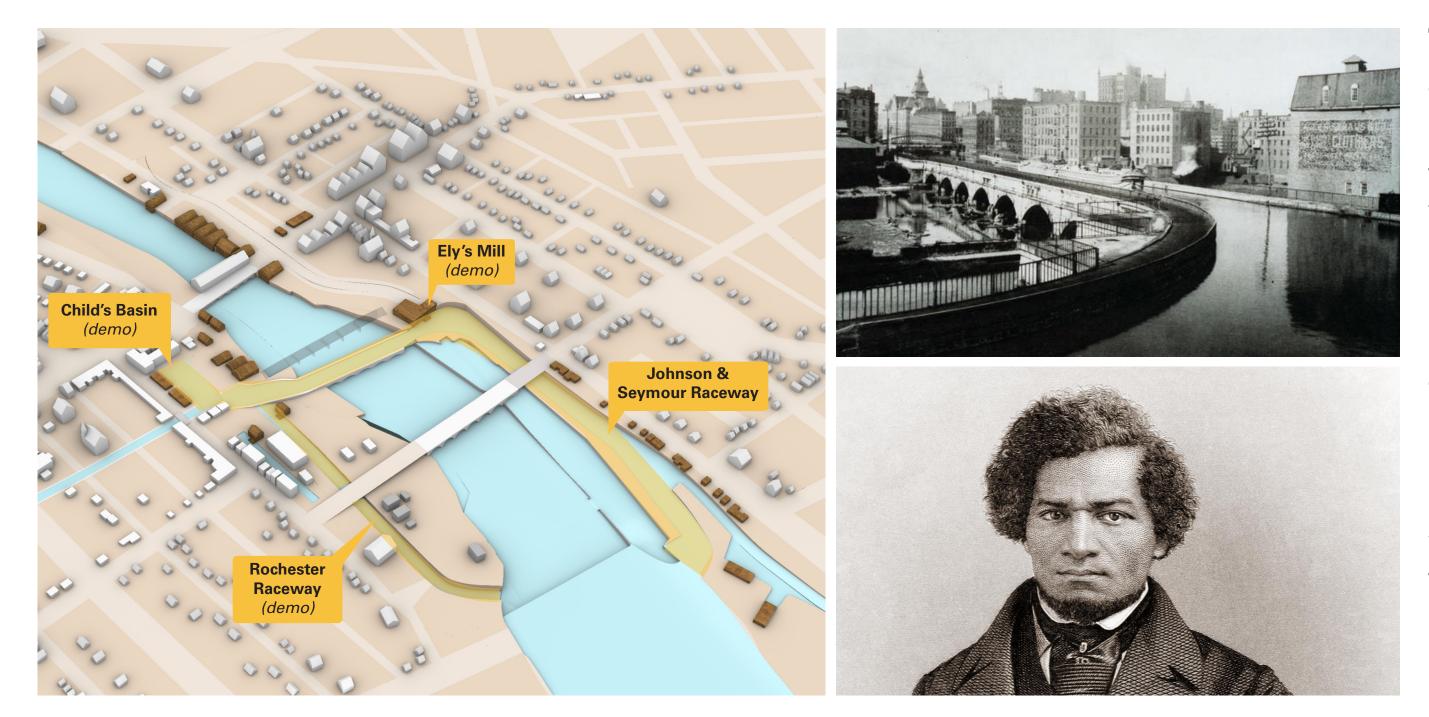
The Erie Canal

Water has been a means of profit for the city since its inception. With the routing of the Erie Canal through the center of the city, and the construction of dams along the Genesee, Rochester has systematically created infrastructure to harness the power of water to bring industry and people in. In the 1820s, irish immigrants, freed blacks and slaves began constructing the Erie Canal in Rochester.





1830s



The Aqueduct

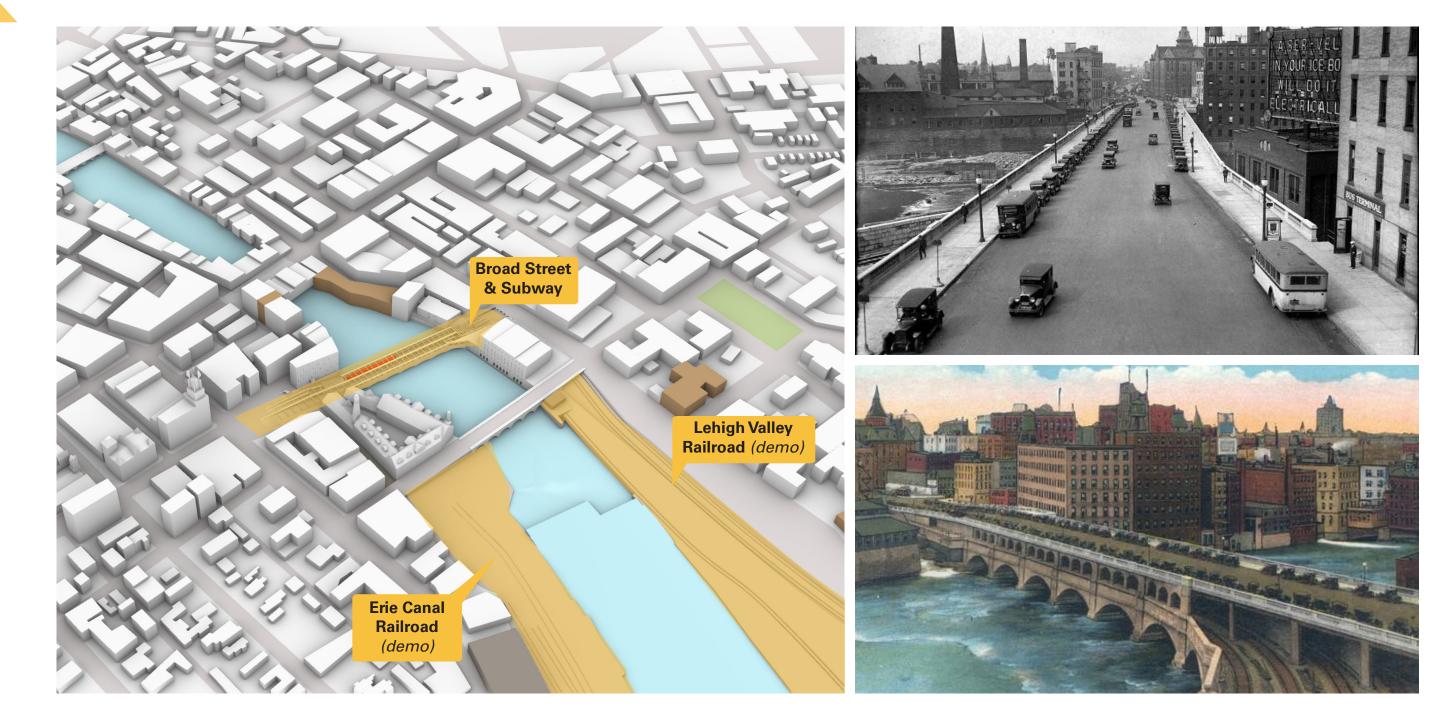
The Genesee is known for its devastating floods. By the 1830s, the Erie Canal suffered significant flood damage and was rerouted and replaced by the second aqueduct Industry continued to boom and Child's Basin became an important ship-building hub. The second half of the 19th C., saw prominent abolitionists and suffragists such as Frederick Douglass and Susan B Anthony, who lived, worked, and promoted their ideas in Rochester.



The Evolution of the Aqueduct

SCAN ME TO KNOW MORE ABOUT AQUEDUCT HISTORY!

1930s



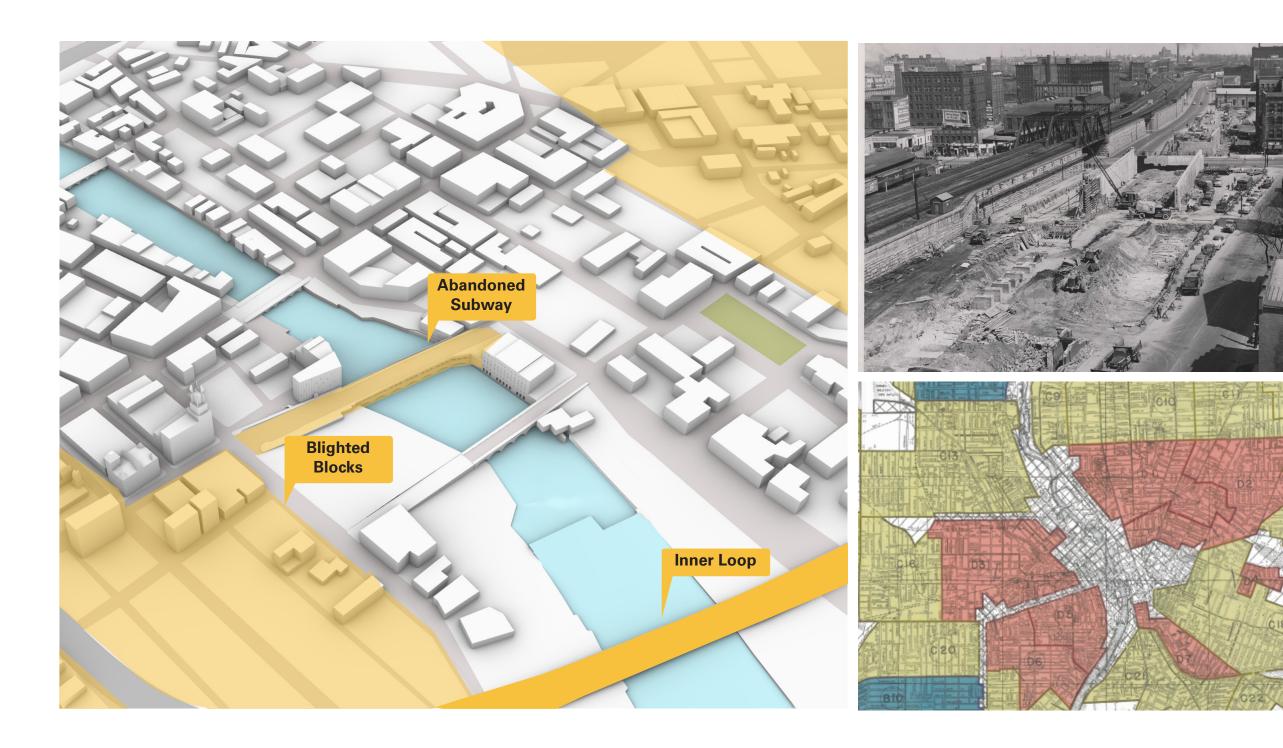
Broad Street & Subway

With the development of the railways, buses, and automobile, use of the canal came to a halt. By the 1920s, the Interurban Bus Company merged five trolley lines that connected Rochester, and automobile numbers grew ten-fold within two years. The city made plans to build Broad Street for cars and a subway deck on the old aqueduct bed to serve as interchange tracks for the five railways in Rochester.

Urban Renewal

Suburbanization and White Flight in Monroe County was coupled with a series of urban renewal projects that destroyed many historic areas of the city to make way for highways. The subway was abandoned in the 1950s and the Inner Loop was designed to reconnect the suburban whiteflight population to the heart of the central business district. The Urban Renewal project destroyed thousands of buildings and displaced countless families and

1950s



The Riverway: Reclaimed

The subway and canal bed are defunct but have been repurposed for other innovative uses. Graffiti in Rochester dates back to the '60s with the emergence of the 'Rochester Style' in the 1980s. By 2020, the population of Rochester hovered around 206,000. After years of use as an industrial sewer, the river is slowly healing and Investment is again being made along the Genesee.





The Historical Significance of the Area

The Aqueduct did not develop in isolation and is surrounded by buildings with a rich history, spanning more than two hundred years. The adjacent buildings contain historical significance that contributed to the cultural, economic, mobility, and social development of Rochester



MORE ABOUT

National Register Listed Properties

- 1. Main Street Bridge
- 2. East Main Street Historic District
- 3. Wilder Building
- CentralTrust Company Building 4.
- 5. Arcade Mill
- Herald Building 6.
- Times Square Building 7.
- 8. Gannett Building
- 9. Second Genesee Aqueduct
- 10. Rundel Memorial Library
- 11. National Casket Company
- 12. Court Street Bridge
- 13. Lehigh Valley Railroad Station

National Register Eligible Properties

- 14. Talman Building 15.31 East Main Street
- 16.12-16 Aqueduct Street



17. Aqueduct Building



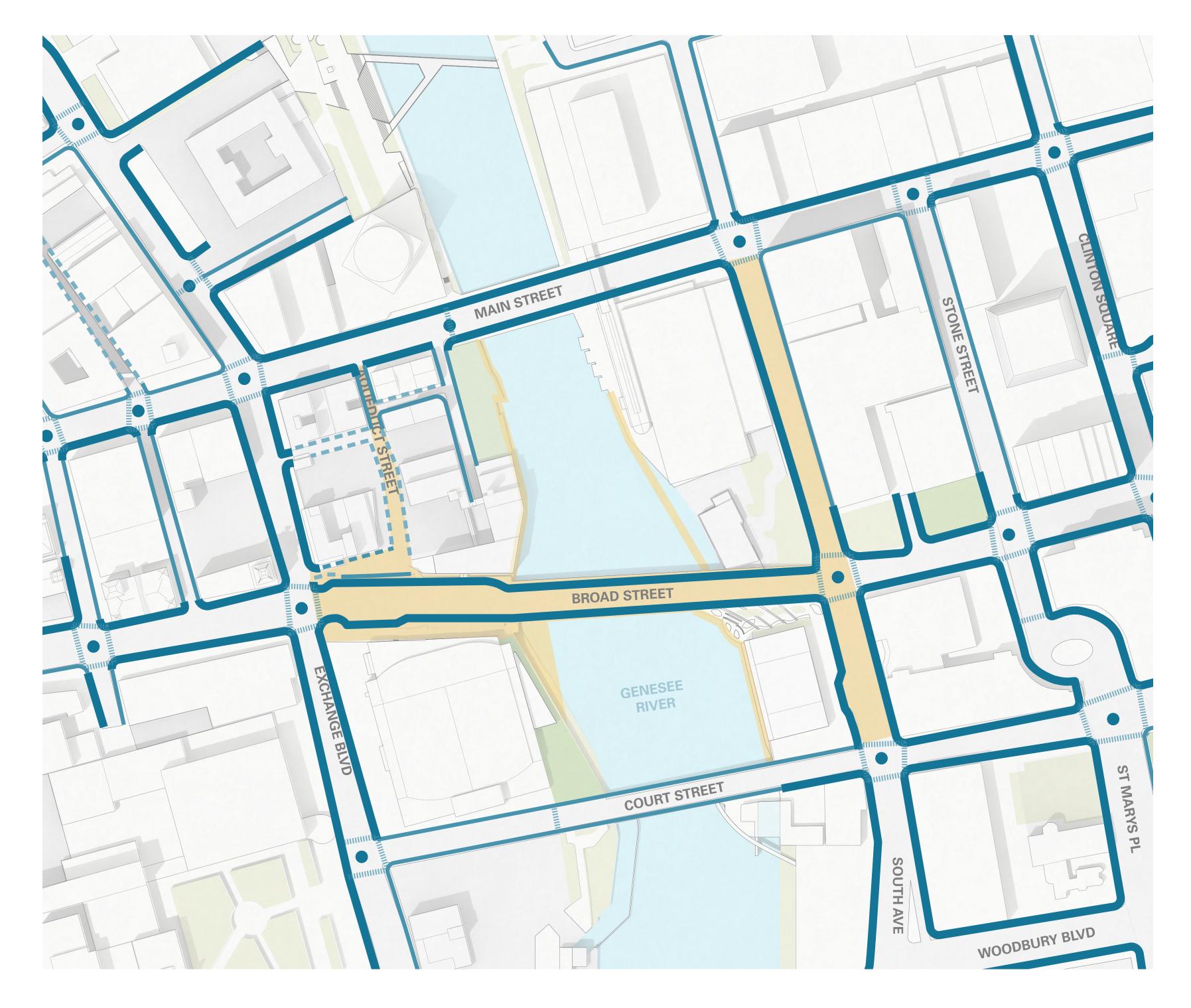




Promenades: How Will Pedestrians Be Impacted?

Broad Street Bridge consists of sidewalks greater than 12 feet that remains clear of the streetlamps, and occasional planters and seating.

 Sidewalk > 12'
 Sidewalk 5-12'
 Sidewalk <5'
 Crosswalk
 Signaled Intersections Project Scope



What Would Make the Area More Walkable and Inviting?



Mobility: How Will Cyclists and Transit Riders Be Impacted?

Broad Street

Bike Shared use

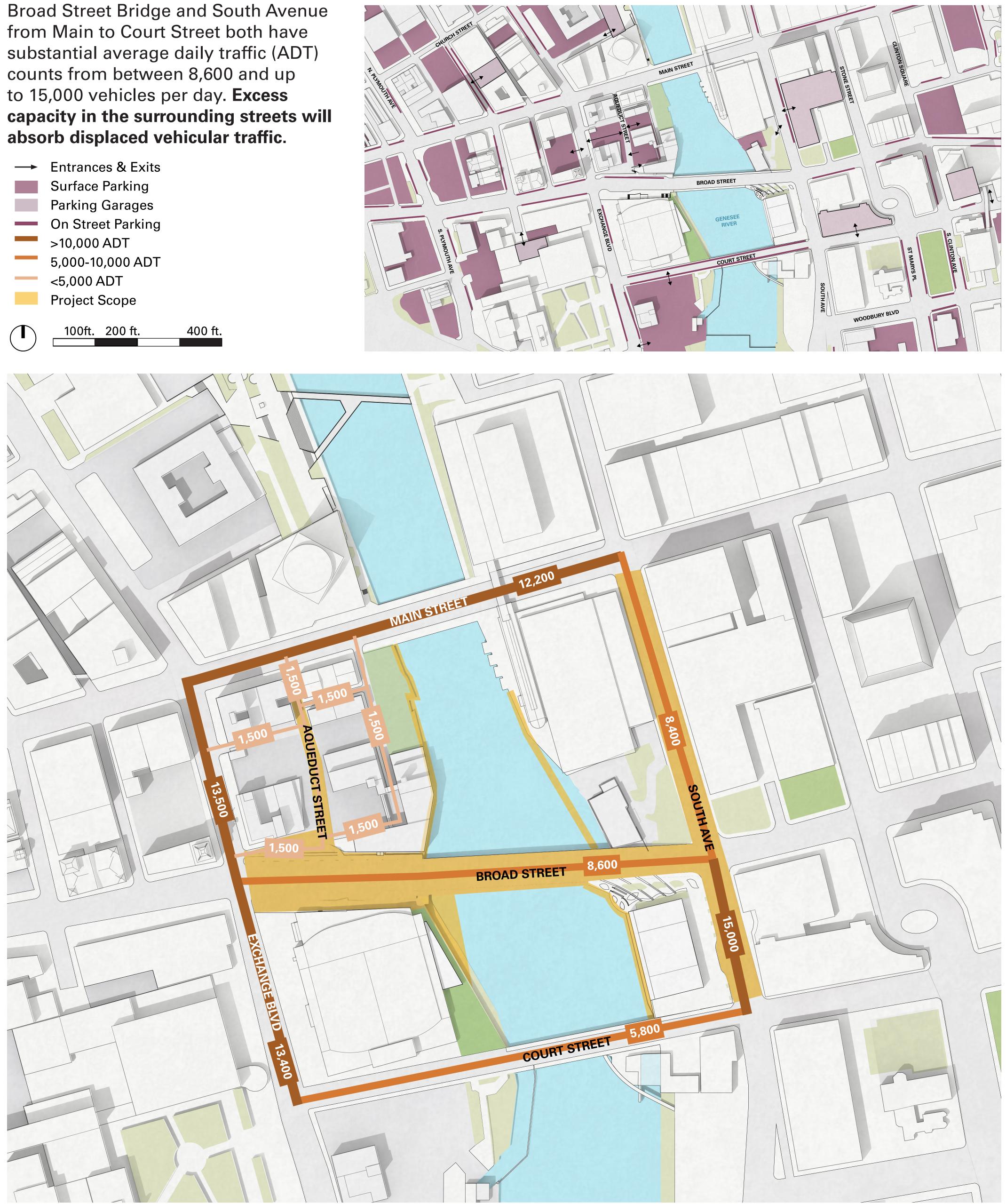


What Would Make the Area More Inviting for Cyclists and Transit **Riders**?



Mobility: How Will Drivers Be Impacted?

- Entrances & Exits Surface Parking Parking Garages On Street Parking >10,000 ADT 5,000-10,000 ADT <5,000 ADT





What is a Part of Rochester's History that You Feel Most Connected To?



How Can the Aqueduct Transformation Improve the Quality of Life for Rochestarians Living, Working, or Visiting this Area?



Lenses on Rochester's **EIStorv**





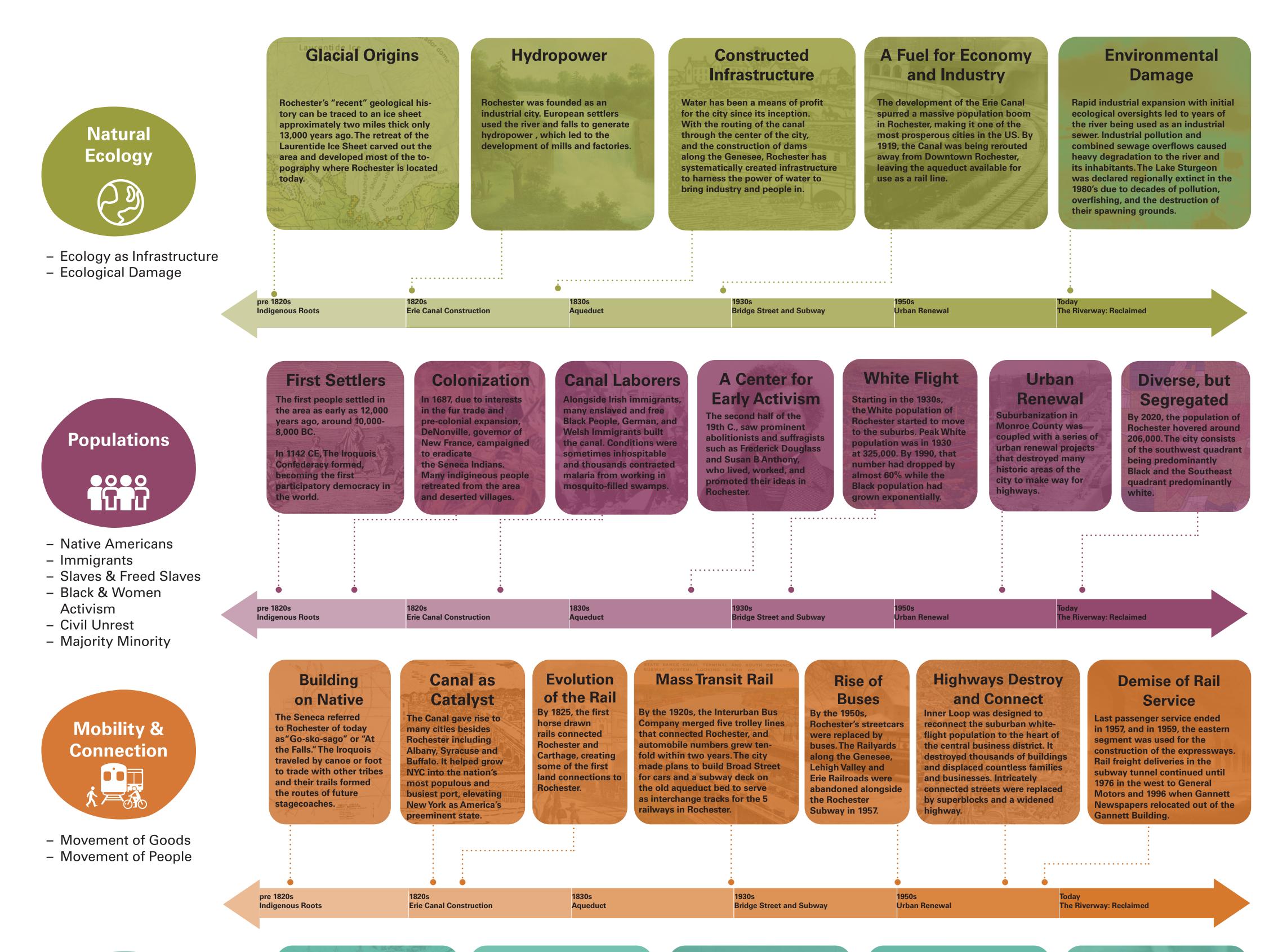
City of Rochester, NY Malik D. Evans, Mayor Rochester City Council







Thematic Overview



Urban Development & Economy

Using the Water

From the founding of Rochester, the waterways were vital to the economy of the settlement. Nathaniel Rochester first purchased the land and founded Rochesterville because he saw the promise of the river as a site for mills.

Early Industrial Boom

William Atkinson and Hervey Ely constructed Flour Mills in 1817 and 1822 respectively. They shipped the first boat load of flour east to Little Falls before the completion of the Erie Canal to Albany. This was the start of Rochester becoming known as "The Flour City," due to the abundance of flour mills.

Survival through War

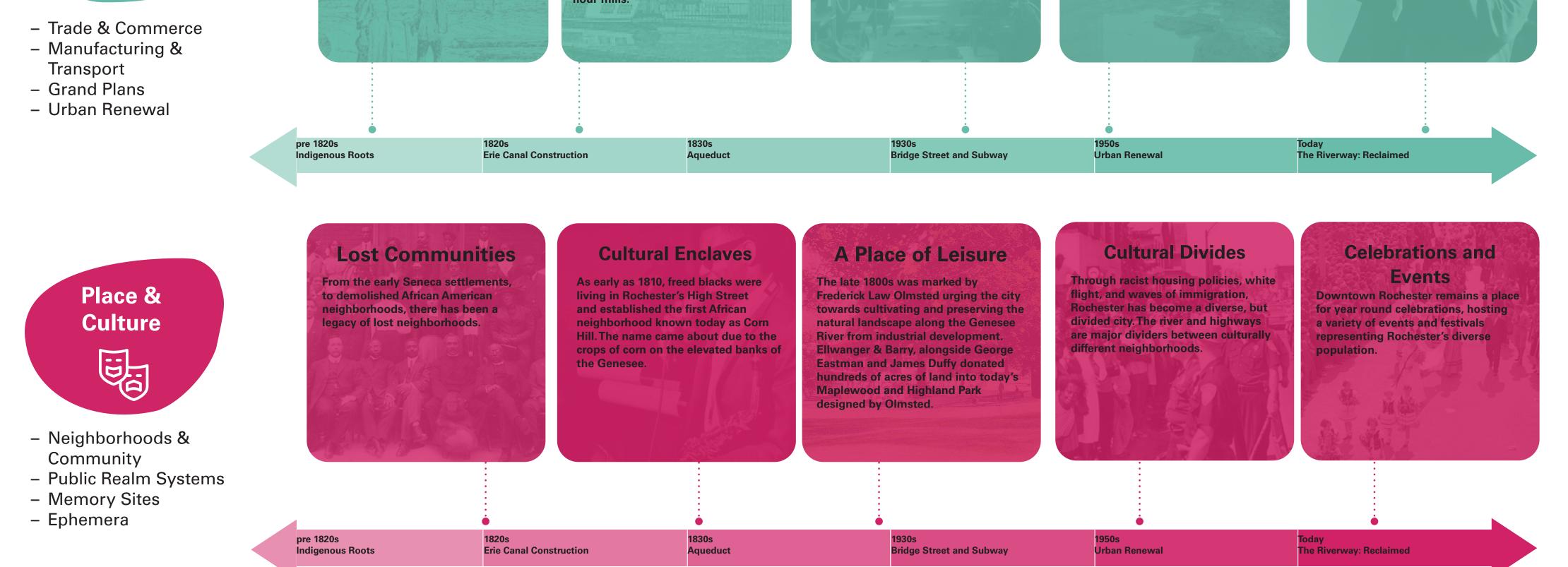
Throughout the 1930s demands for clothing and moving picture film maintained the industrial economies of Rochester. The second World War brought brisk orders for uniforms and supplies that kept factories busy.

The Decline of Downtown

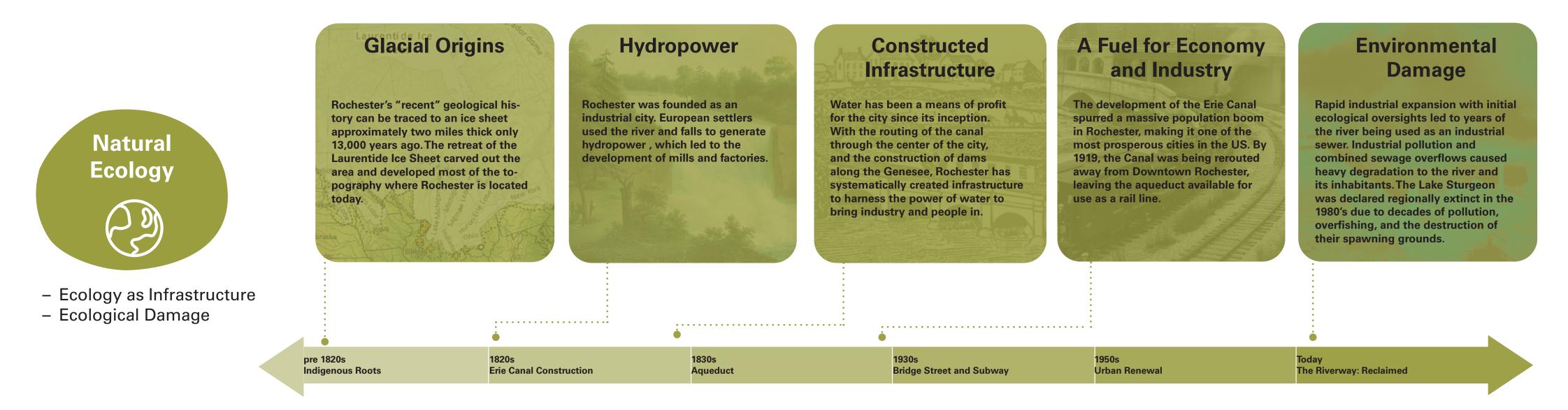
As suburbanization and urban renewal hollowed out the inner neighborhoods of Rochester, many companies left as well. Although still a center of business, many of the largest companies in the area are no longer centered in the downtown area.

New Economy

Eastern New York is home to what is known as 'Tech Valley,' giving Rochester offshoots of that industry. Rochester now is home to thriving economies of Education, Technology, and Medicine.



The Power of the River



How Can This Project ...

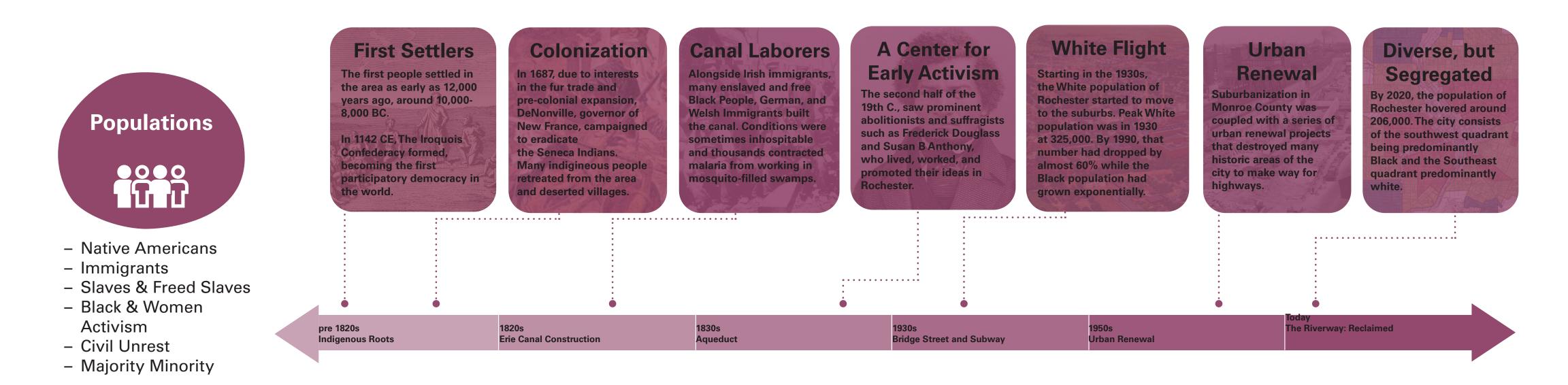
Better Connect Downtown and the River?

Connect People to Nature?

Support the Biodiversity of the Area?

Educate the Youth on Rochester's Nature?

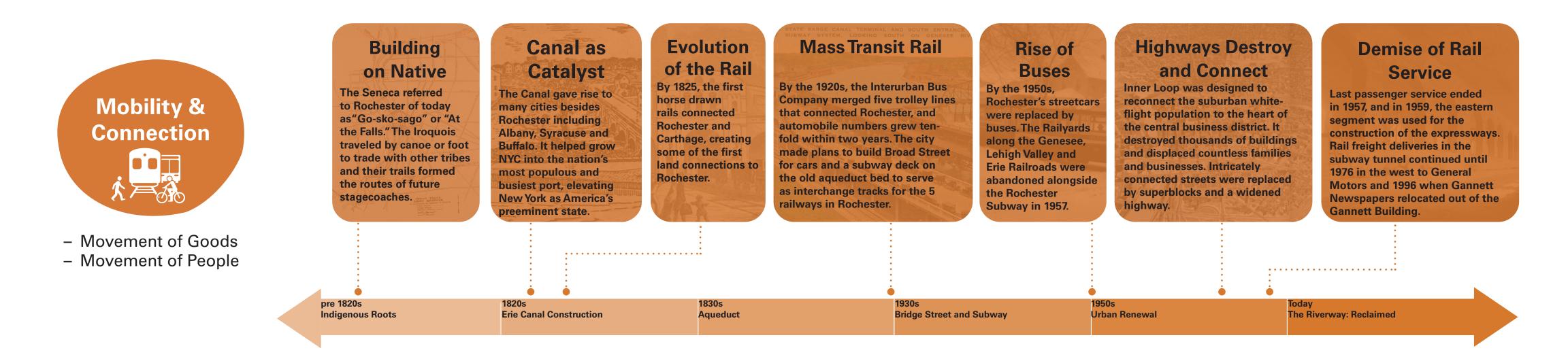
Diversity is in Our DNA



What Must the Aqueduct Project Consider in Order to Draw the Most Diverse Range of Users?

Who Should the Aqueduct Project Be Designed For?

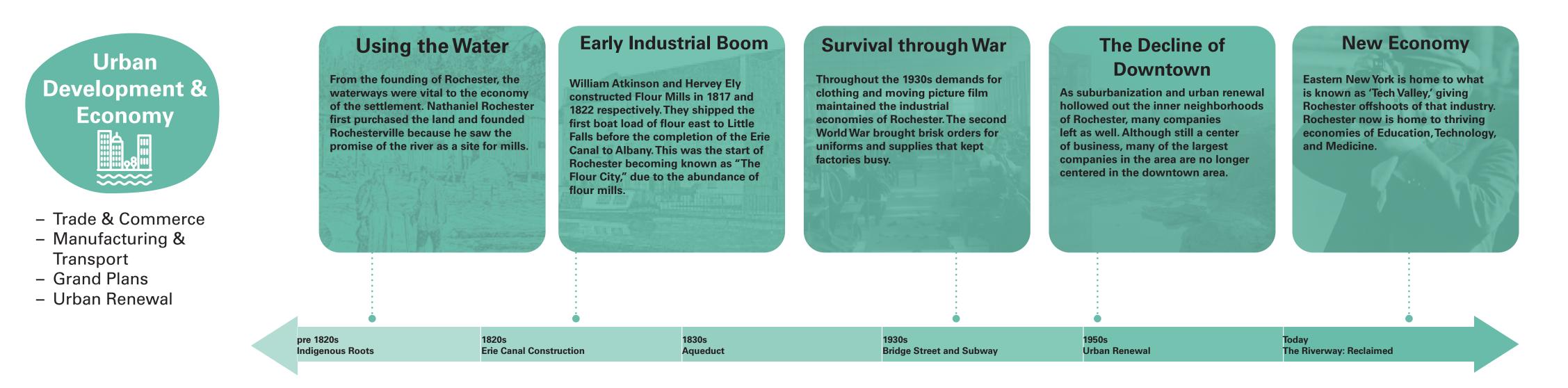
Crossroads of the City



How Can the Design Encourage People to Cross the River from the East or West?

How Can the Aqueduct Project Better Connect Surrounding Neighborhoods?

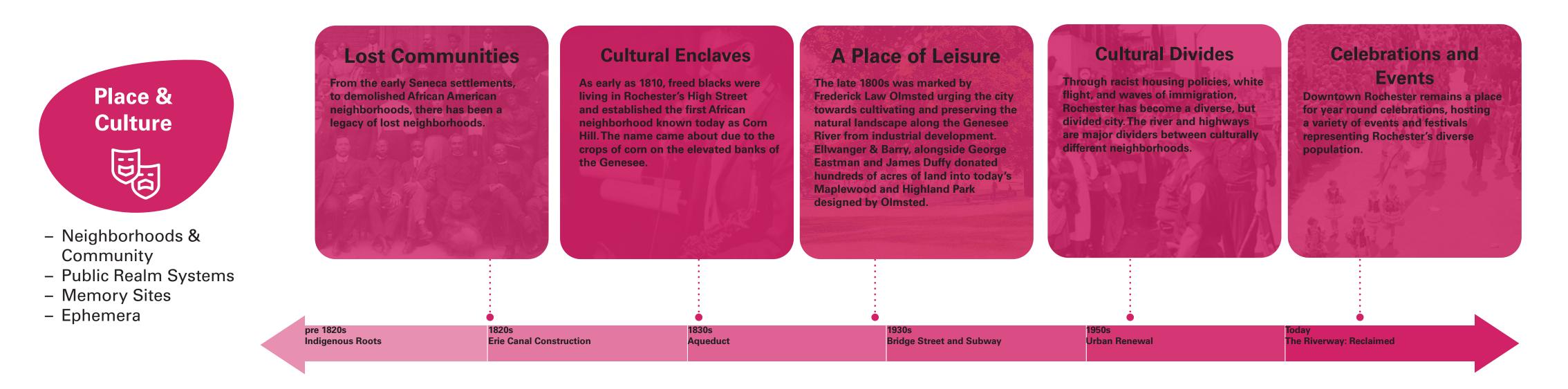
Economic Boom, Bust, Boom



How Do You Think a Public Space Like the Aqueduct Project Can Contribute to the Local Economy?

What Would Make this Site an Attraction for Workers, Residents, and Tourists?

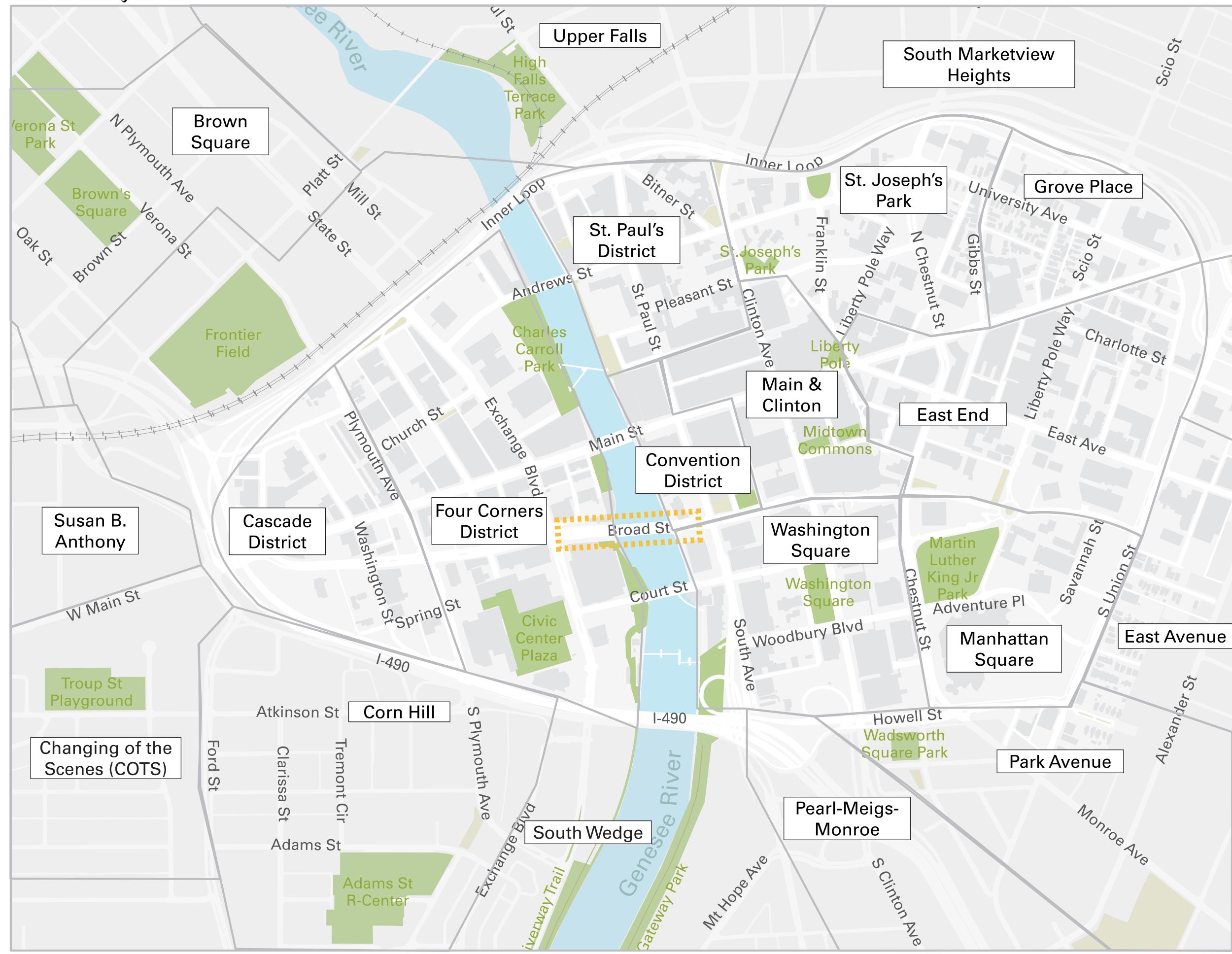
Culture Protected, Culture Restored



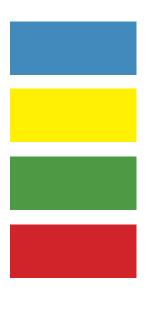
What Cultures, Histories, Traditions and Identities (Past, Lost/Erased, and Present) Should Be Considered as Part of the Design and Programming of the Aqueduct?

How Can this Transformation Make the Area Feel More Welcoming and Inviting to You?



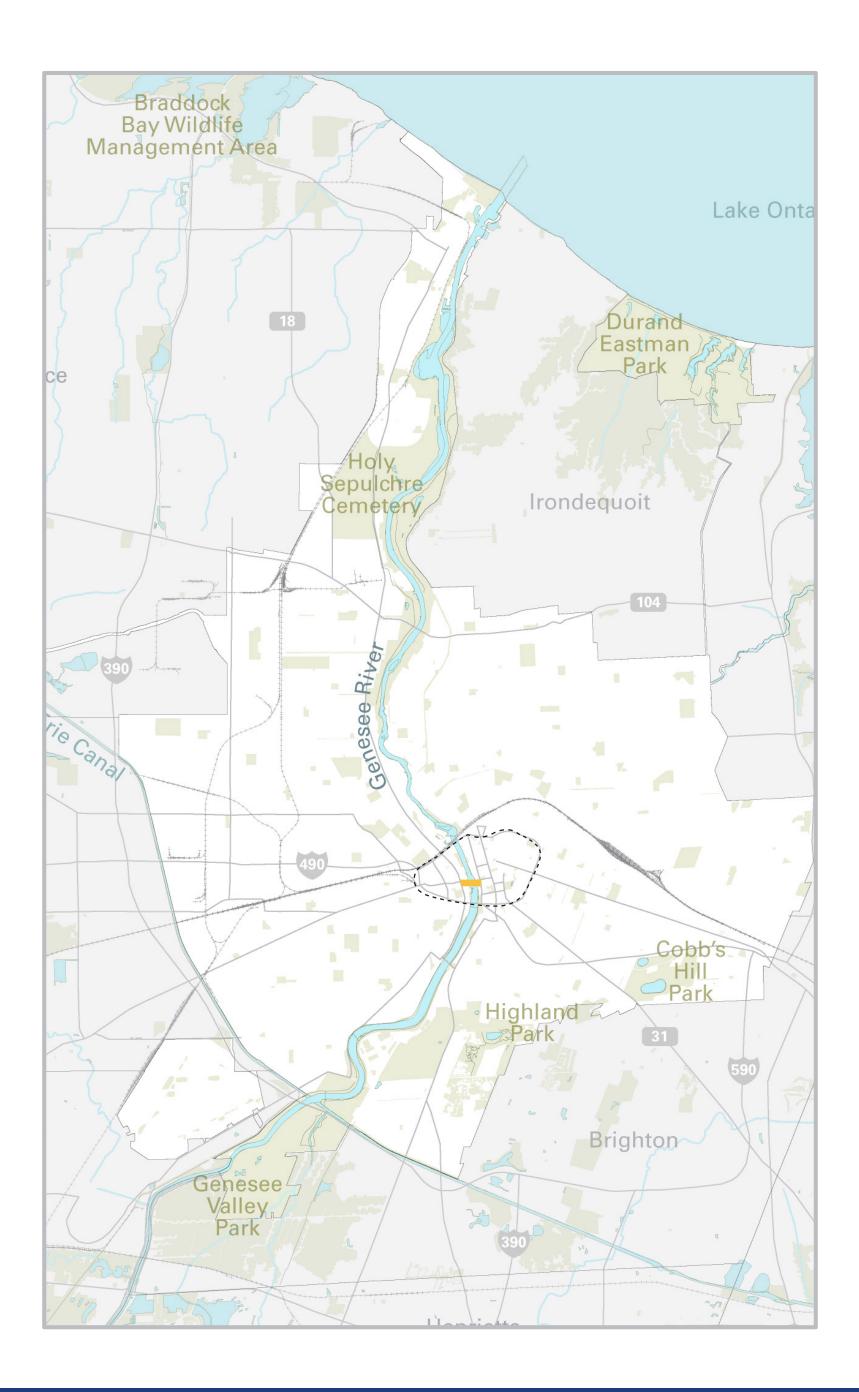


On the Map, Draw a Line Along a **Route You Typically Walk and Place** a Colored Dot to Indicate:



Place of Residence Place of Work **Recreational Destination**

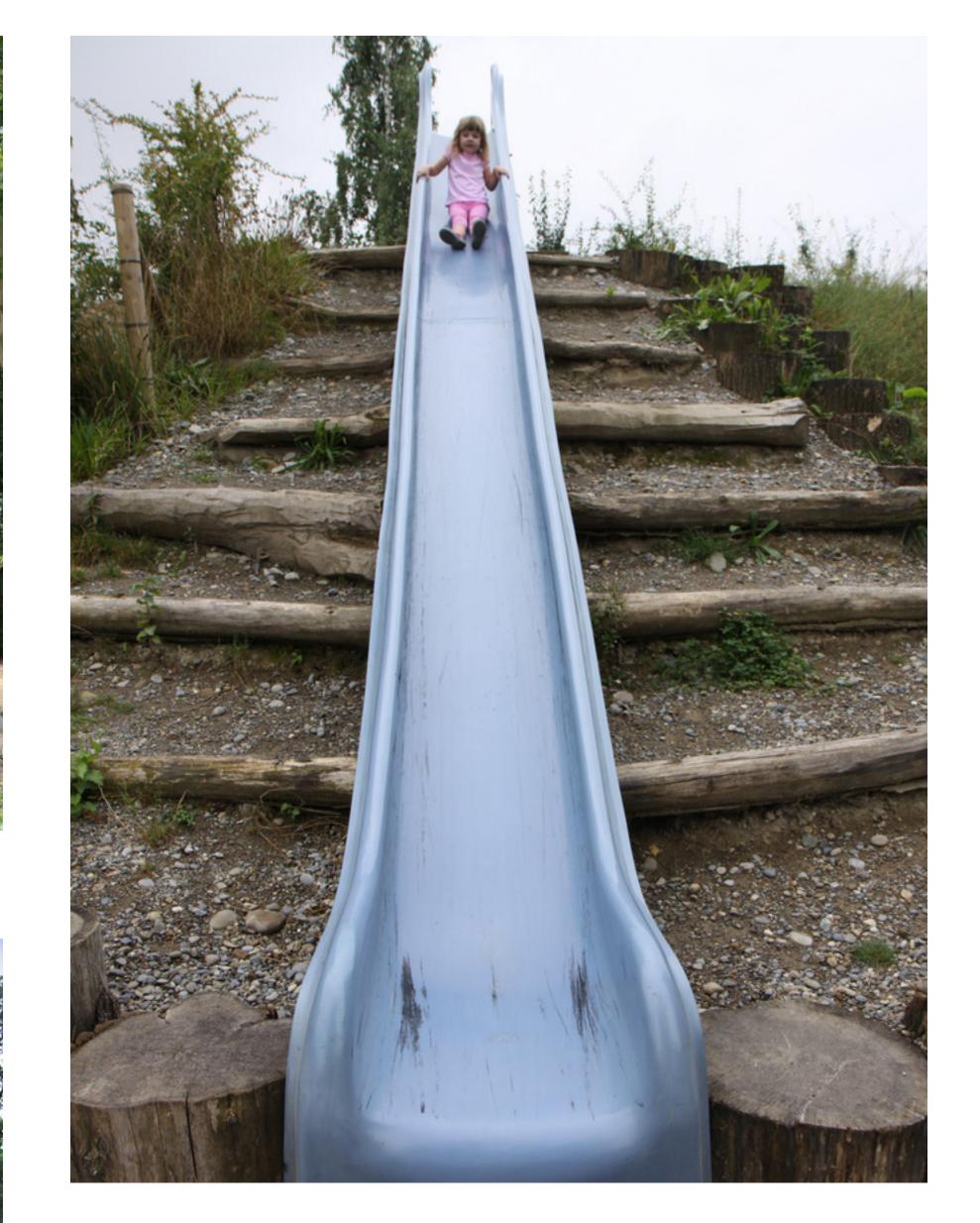
Place you Avoid





Create Your Own Space for Play

Use your imagination to create a space to explore and play on the Broad Street Bridge!





Natural Elements



Slides

Water Feature



Shade & Canopy



Record Your Feedback

Have an idea, feedback or a story you want to verbally share with the team?

Stop here to record your ideas, thoughts, and stories. With your permission, the video may be shared on the project website.

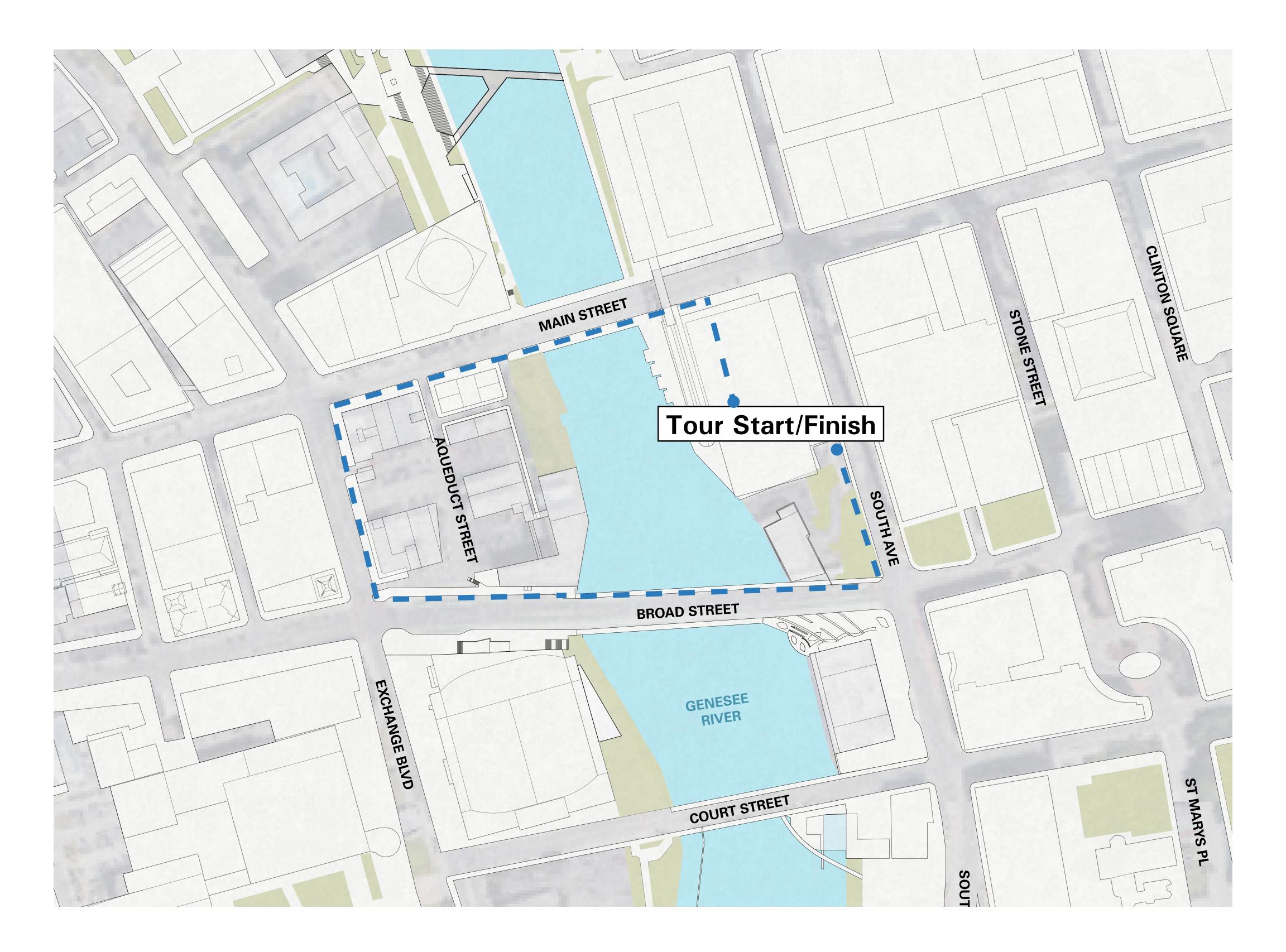




Walking Tour

Meet here to participate in a street-level walking tour of the project area! Tours are available at the following times: 11:00 AM // 11:30 AM // 12:00 PM // 12:30 PM

If you have any special needs, please speak with one of the team members in advance of the tour.





What Do You Hope the Aqueduct Transformation Could Achieve?

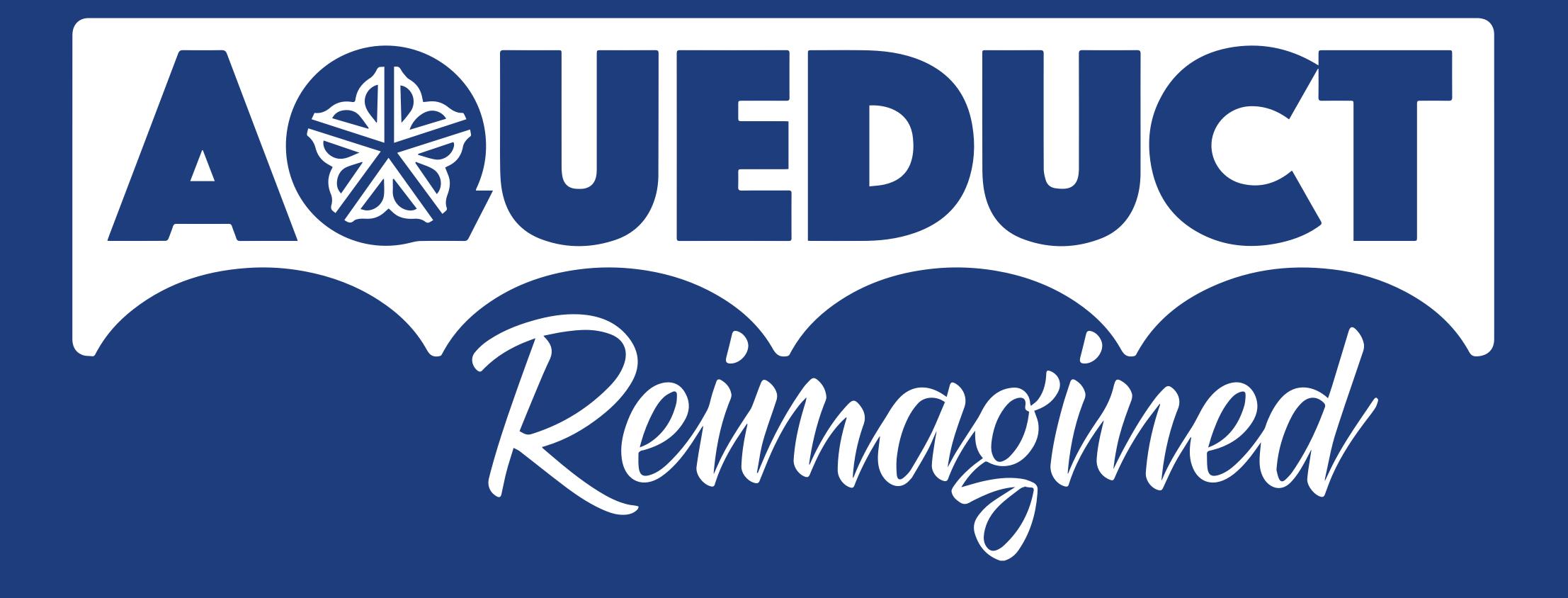
(for instance, preserve historical and cultural assets, revitalize the Genesee river waterfront, boost local economy, etc.)



How Should the Aqueduct Transformation be Different/Unique from Other Public Spaces?



How Do You Envision Rochester's Newest Public Space?



Building Bridges to the Future!



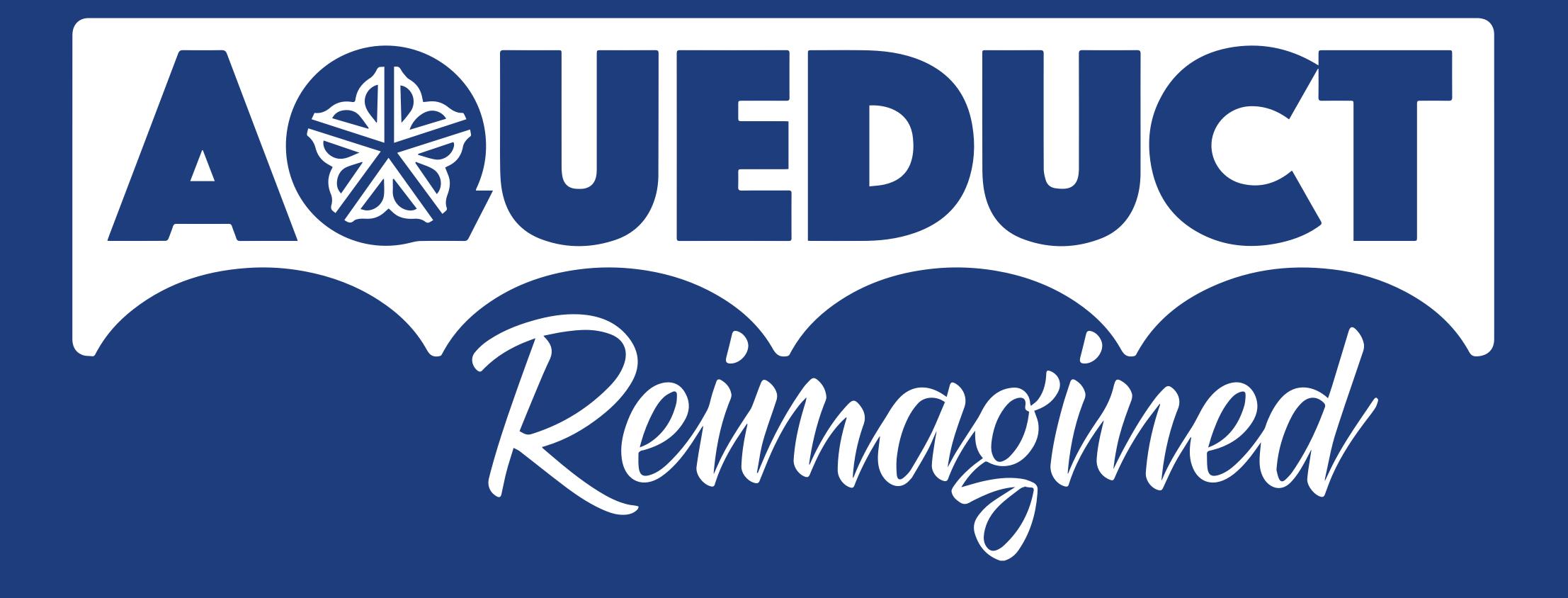
ROC THE RIDGES TO THE FUTURE &



City of Rochester, NY Malik D. Evans, Mayor Rochester City Council NEW YORK STATE OF OPPORTUNITY Transportation

INGER LAKES FORWARD





Building Bridges to the Future!



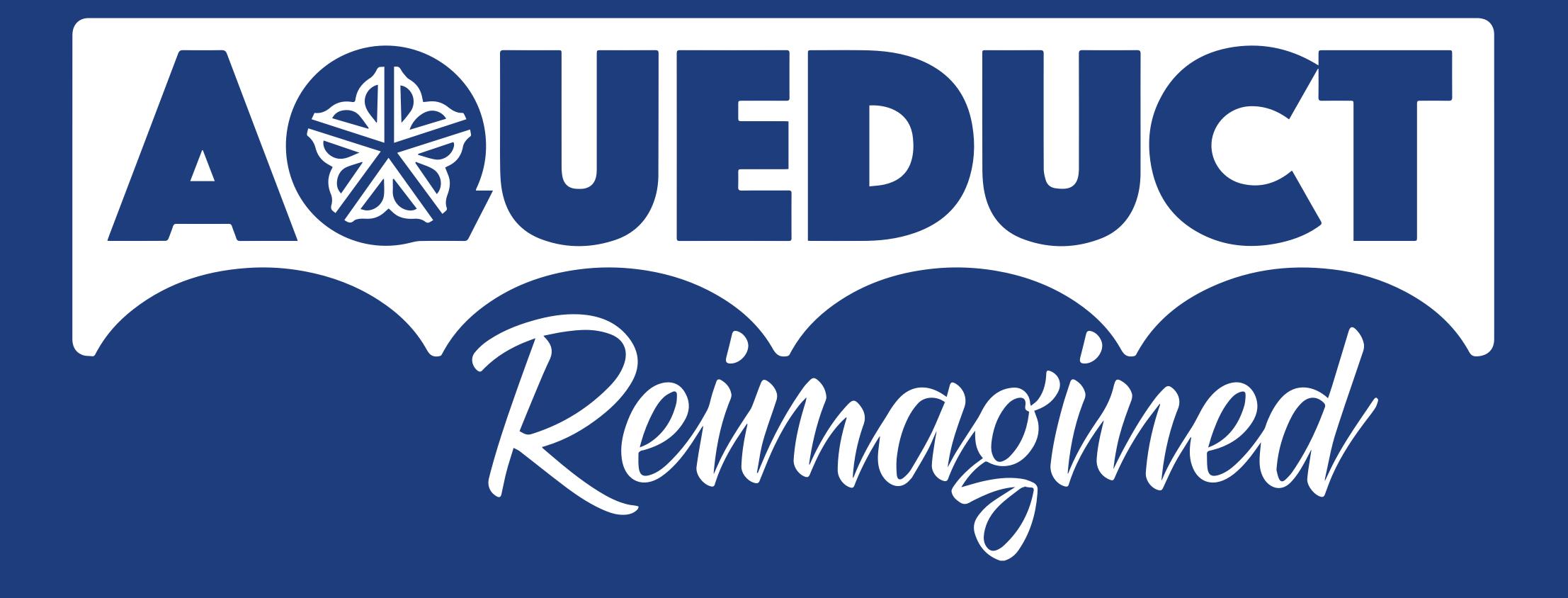
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Building Bridges to the Future!



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